



### Parker Automation Controller PAC120 Operation Manual

P/N 88-035003-01



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#### 1. Preface

#### **1.1 Nonwarranty Clause**

We checked the contents of this publication for compliance with the associated hard and software. We can, however, not exclude discrepancies and do therefore not accept any liability for the exact compliance. The information in this publication is regularly checked, necessary corrections will be part of the subsequent publications.

#### **1.2 Production Site**

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#### **1.3 Reference to Online Version**

This manual is regularly updated. The latest version is available on our website http://www.parker.com/PAC120.

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#### 2. Introduction

#### 2.1 Device Assignment

This manual is valid for the following device:

• PAC120

#### 2.1.1 Type Specification Plate PAC120

You will find the exact description of the device on the type specification plate:



Type specification plate on the right-side wall

Label with serial number and label with software license on aluminum frame

#### 2.2 Certificate





## EG-Konformitätserklärung / EC-Declaration of conformity 2014/30/EU



Parker Hannifin Manufacturing Germany GmbH & Co. KG

Industrial Systems Division Europe Gutenbergstrasse 38 41564 Kaarst, Germany

Parker Hannifin erklärt, dass die nachstehenden Produkte auf Seite 2 mit den Bestimmungen der EG Richtlinie übereinstimmen.

Parker Hannifin declares that the products on page 2 corresponds to the regulations of directive of the European Parlament fulfill.

#### 2014/30/EU Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit Electromagnetic compatibility

Angewandte harmonisierte Normen / used harmonised standards:

IEC 61000-6-2	Fachgrundnorm – Störfestigkeit für Industriebereiche Generic standard – Immunity for industrial environments
IEC 61000-6-4	Fachgrundnorm – Störaussendung für Industriebereiche Generic standard – Emission standard for industrial environments
IEC 61000-4-2	Prüfung Störfestigkeit gegen die Entladung statischer Elektrizität Electrostatic discharge immunity test
IEC 61000-4-3	Prüfung Störfestigkeit gegen hochfrequente elektromagnetische Felder Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity test
IEC 61000-4-4	Prüfung Störfestigkeit gegen schnelle transiente Störgrößen/Burst Electrical fast transient/burst immunity test
IEC 61000-4-5	Prüfung Störfestigkeit gegen Stoßspannung Surge immunity test
IEC 61000-4-6	Prüfung Störfestigkeit leitungsgeführte Störgrößen hochfrequenter Felder Immunity to conducted disturbances, by radio-frequency fields

Bei einer mit uns nicht abgestimmten Änderung des elektrischen Betriebsmittels verliert diese Erklärung ihre Gültigkeit. This declaration is valid as long as the electrical equipment remains unchanged. Any modification on the Electrical equipment needs to be approved by us prior to changes.

Grundsätzlich entbindet diese Konformitätserklärung den Anwender nicht, nach der Montage der aufgeführten Produkte in seine Anlage, die Konformitätsanforderungen seines Endprodukts mit den relevanten Richtlinien sicherzustellen.

It is mandatory, that the installation of the mentioned products into the operator's application and the operation of the components is according to their designated usage. The operator has to assure the conformity of the final products (final goods) to be in accordance with these relevant declaration.

Die beschriebenen Produkte sind in Übereinstimmung mit der einschlägigen EU-Harmonisierungsvorschrift: Richtlinie 2014/30/EU.

The products of the declaration described is in conformity with the relevant Union harmonisation legislation: Directive 2014/30/EU.

Ort, Datum:

Unterschrift: Angaben zum Unterzeichner:

2014-30-eu\_Elektronik\_10-11-21

Kaarst, 10.11,20 Marten Steffens (ISDE Division General Manager) C



# EG-Konformitätserklärung / EC-Declaration of conformity 2014/30/EU

Nachstehend alle Produkte, die den Anforderungen der Richtlinie entsprechen: Products that correspond fulfill to the requirements of directive:

1. Parker Automation Controller

PAC120-\*\*P01-3\*-\*\*-\*\* PAC120-\*\*E01-3\*-\*\*-\*\* PAC120-\*\*T01-3\*-\*\*-\*\*

2. Parker Hydraulic Controller PACHC-460-01

2014-30-eu\_Elektronik\_10-11-21



### RoHS 3-Konformitätserklärung / RoHS 3-Declaration of conformity

2011/65/EU



#### Parker Hannifin Manufacturing Germany GmbH & Co. KG

Industrial Systems Division Europe Gutenbergstrasse 38 41564 Kaarst, Germany

Parker Hannifin erklärt, dass die nachstehenden Produkte auf Seite 2 den aufgeführten Beschränkungen für Stoffe nach EU-Richtlinie 2011/65/EU, delegierten Richtlinie 2015/863/EU und ElektroStoffVerordnung (ElektorStoffV) entsprechen. Unsere Zulieferer haben uns die RoHS-Konformität ihrer Produkte bestätigt. Eine Gewährleistung zu der Richtigkeit der Aussage leitet sich, trotz genauer Prüfung dieser Information, hieraus nicht ab. Als nachgeschalteter Anwender liefern wir Komponenten, die nicht der Kennzeichnungspflicht (CE) gemäß der EU-Richtlinie 2011/65/EU unterliegen.

Parker Hannifin declares that the products on page 2 conforms with the restricted substances referred to EU-Directive 2011/65/EU, Commission Delegated Directive 2015/863/EU and ElektroStoffVerordnung. Our suppliers have confirmed the RoHS conformity of her products. In spite of an exact check of this information no warranty to the correctness of the statement can be deduced. Acting as a downstream user, the delivered components are not subject to CE-marking under this directive.

2011/65/EU

#### RoHS Richtlinie RoHS Directive

Angewandte Ausnahmen gemäß EU-Richtlinie 2011/65/EU Anhang III, 6 a – c Exceptions used according to EU-Directive 2011/65/EU Annex III, 6 a – c

Folgend die Stoffe, die den Beschränkungen gemäß EU-Richtlinie 2011/65/EU, delegierten Richtlinie 2015/863/EU und ElektroStoffVerordnung (ElektroStoffV) unterliegen:

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Blei / Lead Quecksilber / Mercury Cadmium / Cadmium Sechwertiges Chrom / Hexavalant chromium Polybromiertes Biphenyle (PBB) / Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB) Polybromiertes Diphenylether (PBDE) / Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE) Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalat (DEHP) / Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalat (DEHP) Butylbenzylphthalat (BBP) / Butyl benzyl phthalate (BBP) Dibutylphthalat (DBP) / Dibutyl phthalate (DBP) Disobutylphthalat (DIBP) / Disobutyl phthalate (DIBP)

Ort, Datum:

Kaarst, 10.11.202 Marten Steffens (ISDE Division General Manager)

Unterschrift: Angaben zum Unterzeichner:

2011-65-eu\_Elektronik\_10-11-21



# RoHS 3-Konformitätserklärung / RoHS 3-Declaration of conformity 2011/65/EU

Nachstehend alle Produkte, die den Anforderungen der Richtlinie entsprechen: Products that correspond fulfill to the requirements of directive:

1. Parker Automation Controller

PAC120-\*\*P01-3\*-\*\*-\*\* PAC120-\*\*E01-3\*-\*\*-\*\* PAC120-\*\*T01-3\*-\*\*-\*\*

2. Parker Hydraulic Controller PACHC-460-01

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#### 2.3 Safety Instructions

#### 2.3.1 Target Group of this Operation Manual

This instruction manual contains all information necessary for the use of the described product (control device, control terminal, software, etc.) according to instructions. It is written for design, project planning, servicing and commissioning experts. For proper understanding and error-free application of technical descriptions, instructions for use and particularly of notes of danger and warning, extensive knowledge of automation technology is compulsory.

#### 2.3.2 Hazard and other Warnings

Please refer to the additional notices which we have marked by symbols throughout this instruction manual. While some of these notices make you aware of possible dangers, others are intended as a means of orientation. They are described further down below in descending order of importance.

Every alert and hazard warning is made up as follows:

Type and source of risk

Potential consequences of non-observance

 $\rightarrow$  Preventive measures



### A NOTE makes you aware of a potentially hazardous situation which may cause damage to this or other devices if not observed.

#### 2.3.3 General Hazards

(P

The device described in this manual is designed in accordance with the latest technology and is safe in operation. Nevertheless, the device can entail certain hazards if used improperly or for purposes other than those explicitly intended.

Electronic, moving and rotating components can

- constitute a hazard for body and life of the user, and
- cause material damage

#### 2.3.4 Designated Use

Parker's products are designed, developed and manufactured for standard industrial use. They must not be used for any other purposes than the ones specified in the catalogue or the associated technical documentation. Proper and safe operation depends on the products being transported, stored, lined up, mounted, installed, put into service, operated, and serviced correctly. Ambient conditions must be within the admissible limits. Notes and information in the associated documentation apply at all times.

The device is designed for operation in electric power drive systems (VDE0160). Motion sequences can be automated with this device. Several motion sequences can be combined by interconnecting several of these devices.



Mutual interlocking functions must be incorporated for this purpose.

#### 2.3.5 Safety-conscious Working

This device may be operated only by qualified personnel.

Qualified personnel in the sense of these operating instructions consists of:

- Persons who, by virtue to their training, experience and instruction, and their knowledge of pertinent norms, specifications, accident prevention regulations and operational relationships, have been authorized by the officer responsible for the safety of the system to perform the required task and in the process are capable of recognizing potential hazards and avoiding them (definition of technical personnel according to VDE105 or IEC364),
- Persons who have a knowledge of first-aid techniques and the local emergency rescue services.
- · Persons who have read and will observe the safety instructions.
- Those who have read and observe the manual or help (or the sections pertinent to the work to be carried out).

This applies to all work relating to setting up, commissioning, configuring, programming, modifying the conditions of utilization and operating modes, and to maintenance work.

This manual and the help information must be available close to the device during the performance of all tasks.

#### 2.3.6 Special Safety Instructions

- Check the correct association of the device and its documentation.
- Never detach electrical connections while voltage is applied to them.
- Safety devices must be provided to prevent human contact with moving or rotating parts.
- Make sure that the device is operated only when it is in perfect condition.
- Implement and activate the stipulated safety functions and devices.
- Operate the device only with the housing closed.
- Make sure that all devices are sufficiently fixed.

Project planning

- 24 V DC power supply: generate as electrically safely separated low voltage. Suitable devices include split-winding transformers built in compliance with European Standard EN 60742 (corresponds to VDE 0551).
- Power breakdowns or power fades: the program structure is to ensure that a defined state at restart excludes all dangerous states.
- Emergency-off installations must comply with EN 60204/IEC 204 (VDE 0113). They must be operative at any time.
- Safety and precautions regulations for qualified applications have to be complied with.
- Please refer to the notices of warning which, at relevant places, will make you aware of possible sources of dangerous mistakes or faults.
- Relevant standards and VDE regulations are to be complied with in every case.
- Control elements are to be installed in such a way as to exclude unintended operation.
- Lay control cables such that interference (inductive or capacitive) is excluded if this interference could influence controller operation or its functionality.

Maintenance and servicing

- Precautions regulation VBG 4.0 to be observed when measuring or checking a controller after power-up. This applies to § 8 (Admissible deviations when working on parts) in particular.
- Repairs must be carried out by specially trained Parker staff only. Warranty expires in every other case.
- Only use parts approved of by Parker. Only genuine Parker modules must be used in modular controllers.
- Modular systems: always plug or unplug modules in a power-down state. You may otherwise damage the modules or (possibly not immediately recognizable!) inhibit their functionality.
- Always dispose of (rechargeable) batteries as hazardous waste.



#### 2.4 Electromagnetic Compatibility

#### **Definition**

Electromagnetic compatibility is the ability of a device to function satisfactorily in its electromagnetic environment without itself causing any electromagnetic interference that would be intolerable to other devices in this environment.

Of all known phenomena of electromagnetic noise, only a certain range occurs at the location of a given device. These kinds of noise are specified in the applicable product standards.

The design and immunity to interference of programmable logic controllers are internationally governed by standard

IEC 61131-2 which, in Europe, has been the basis for EN 61131-2.

NOTE
Refer to IEC 61131-4, User's Guideline, for general installation instructions to be complied with to ensure that hardware interface factors and the ensuing noise voltages are limited to tolerable levels.

#### Interference emission

Interfering emission of electromagnetic fields, HF compliant to EN 55011, limiting value class A, Group 1



Fitting the controller into earthed metal cabinets and installing filters in the supply lines may produce a shielding compliant to the above standard.

#### General notes on installation

As component parts of machines, facilities and systems, electronic control systems must comply with valid rules and regulations, depending on their field of application.

General requirements concerning the electrical equipment of machines and aiming at the safety of these machines are contained in Part 1 of European Standard EN 60204 (corresponds to VDE 0113).

#### Electrical immission safeguard

To eliminate electromagnetic interference, connect the control system to the protective earth or functional earth conductor. Practice best cable routing.

#### Cable routing and wiring

Keep power circuits separate from control circuits:

- DC voltages 60 V ... 400 V
- AC voltages 25 V ... 400 V

Joint laying of control circuits is allowed for:

- shielded data signals
- shielded analog signals
- unshielded digital I/O lines
- unshielded DC voltages < 60 V</li>
- unshielded AC voltages < 25 V



#### Location of installation

Ensure that temperatures, contaminations, impact, vibration or electromagnetic interference are no impediment to the installation.

#### Temperature

Consider heat sources such as general heating of rooms, sunlight, heat accumulation in assembly rooms or control cabinets

#### **Contamination**

Use suitable casings to avoid possible negative influences due to humidity, corrosive gas, liquid or conducting dust.

#### Impact and vibration

Consider possible influences caused by motors, compressors, transfer lines, presses, ramming machines and vehicles.

#### Electromagnetic interference

Consider electromagnetic interference from various local sources: motors, switching devices, switching thyristors, radio-controlled devices, welding equipment, arcing, switched-mode power supplies, converters / inverters.

#### Special sources of interference

#### Inductive actuators

Switching off inductances (such as from relays, contactors, solenoids or switching magnets) produces surge voltages. It is necessary to reduce these extra voltages to a minimum.

Throttling elements could be diodes, Z-diodes, varistors or RC elements. Their rating should conform to the specifications provided by the manufacturer or supplier of the actuators.



#### 3. System Description

#### 3.1 PAC

Parker PAC is a system of control I/O modules for interconnecting the process signals in an EtherCAT network.

Parker PAC consists of the Parker PAC controller, Parker PAC bus coupler and various Parker PACHC and PAC I/O modules.

Parker PAC120 is a PLC equipped with a CODESYS V3 runtime system. It also supplies the system voltage to the PAC modules directly connected to it.

The Parker PAC bus coupler converts the physical transfer technology (twisted pair) to LVDS (E-bus) and generates the system voltages required by the LVDS modules. The standard 100 Base Tx lines used for office network communications connect to the one side, the Parker PACHC and PACIO modules for the process signals connect to the other. This is how the Ethernet EtherCAT protocol is retained right through to the last I/O module.



PAC120 PLC with I/O modules

PAC bus coupler with I/O modules



#### 3.2 Development Environment CODESYS V3.5

CODESYS is a software platform designed to handle many tasks of industrial automation technology. It is based on the IEC 61131-3 programming system. The tool benefits users with integrated solutions tailored to their practical work and aimed at providing hands-on support with whatever job needs to be done.

CODESYS supports all five languages specified in IEC 61131-3 (International Electrotechnical Commission):

- IL (Instruction List)
- ST (Structured Text), based on PASCAL for structured programming
- LD (Ladder Diagram)
- FBD (Function Block Diagram)
- SFC (Sequential Function Chart)

Apart from the standard IEC languages, the CODESYS also supports:

 CFC (Continuous Function Chart) is a FD (function diagram) editor with a fully configurable graphical layout: whereas FD editors are network-based and automatically arrange the function blocks, CFC lets users place the blocks anywhere such that feedback effects can be created without any temporary variables. This feature makes the language the perfect choice for creating an overview of the application.

#### Fieldbus technology

The CODESYS programming system allows the direct configuration of the CANopen and EtherCAT fieldbuses. Protocol stacks can be separately installed as CODESYS libraries for some systems.

#### CODESYS Control

CODESYS Control is a soft PLC runtime system installed in the PAC120 and adapted to its hardware. It turns the PAC120 into an industrial controller in conformity with IEC 61131-3. This runtime system also features some extra functions that let the controller communicate with other components in its automation environment.

#### Visualization

An editor integrated in the CODESYS programming system allows users to create complex visualization screens and to animate them by means of the application variables. The appropriate visualization elements are provided by the software. Once created, the screens may help to test an application or to start it up in the programming system's online mode, for example. Running the optional visualization clients CODESYS HMI and CODESYS WebVisu makes the screens a means of operating the machine or system.

#### SoftMotion (only PAC120-Mxx01-3X-xx-xx)

Single-axis or multi-axis movements up to cams can be configured in the familiar IEC 61131-3 development interface - together with the logic application.

A motion controller with CODESYS SoftMotion implements the motion functionality in the form of a modular system in the PLC programming system. Motion controllers with CODESYS SoftMotion allow the user extensive project planning variants for his motion tasks. Among other things, certified motion modules according to PLCopen and the full scope of the IEC 61131-3 programming interface are available for this purpose.

#### **4 Product Description**

#### 4.1 PAC120

PAC120 is an ARM-based mini-IPC plus CODESYS PLC which is programmed by means of CODESYS V3.

Its SD card slot plus USB port provide a local storage volume for process and other data and the interchange of control programs. A digital interrupt input allows the controller to immediately respond to process events. On one side of the modular control unit, there is an E-bus connector which provides for a flexible extension by Parker EtherCAT control and I/O modules series PACHC and PACIO.

One way of exchanging data with other systems is to go through the on-board interfaces, i.e. Industrial Ethernet and RS232. Another way is to plug in interface and bus modules to provide further communication links and to facilitate system integration in existing control architectures. Using an extender module enables to actuate external EtherCAT slaves.

#### Properties

- Fanless ARM processor technology
- Expandable by Parker PACHC modules
- CODESYS V3 with EtherCAT®
- Optional CODESYS WebVisu

#### 4.2 Contents of package

The PAC120 package includes:

- PAC120
- Set of connectors (RS232/CAN and supply voltage/DI)

#### 4.3 Intended Use

PAC120 is a mini-IPC and a CODESYS PLC providing EtherCAT master functions for modules series PACHC and PACIO I/O which allow process signals to be directly attached to the control unit.

#### Place of installation

The unit is solely permitted for use in fully enclosed control cubicles or rooms. Exhaust heat develops down the side of unit, i.e. at the aluminium heat sink. Verify that the place of installation is ventilated properly.



#### Design constraints for high-risk activities

The products licenced and supplied by Microsoft are not fault tolerant and have neither been designed nor manufactured for applications requiring faultless operation during which a failure of the licenced product would cause fatality, serious personal injury or serious material or environmental damage ("high-risk activities").

#### Danger caused by malfunctions

Fatality, serious personal injury or serious material or environmental damage

Do not use products licenced by Microsoft for applications requiring faultless operation during which a failure of the licenced product would cause fatality, serious personal injury or serious material or environmental damage.



#### 4.4 Front View



#### 4.5 Connectors

While all external connectors plug in at the front of the unit, the PACHC and PACIO modules connect to the Ether-CAT E-bus interface on the right side.





#### 4.5.1 X2 Ethernet "LAN"

The onboard 10/100 Mbit base-T Ethernet adapter attaches the unit to a network through its RJ-45 connector. LEDs "Link" and "Activity" tell you whether the unit is properly connected to the network.

Pin wiring:

LAN		
Connector	Pin	Function
	1	TX+
	2	TX-
	3	RX+
	4	75 Ohm
	5	75 Ohm
RJ45	6	RX-
	7	75 Ohm
	8	75 Ohm



For use as EtherCAT fieldbus interface, the E-bus connection on the side is provided. In the LAN
configuration of the operating system this can be found under the designation eth1.

#### Caution

NOTE

Unauthorized access to the computer

Controller failure and data loss

Integration in networks granting public access requires the user to take appropriate measures aimed at preventing unauthorized access.

#### 4.5.2 X1 USB 2.0 (host)

 $\rightarrow$ 

The USB host port is made for attaching USB peripherals.

Pin wiring:

USB		
Connector	Pin	Function
	B1	VCC
•	B2	D-
	B3	D+
USB	B4	GND

Caution
USB port overload by excessive power consumption
Machine failure and/or data loss
→ Only attach USB peripherals whose total power nee

Is whose total power needs do not exceed 0.5 A or supply external power to the USB peripherals by adding an active hub to the line, for example.

#### Caution $(\mathbf{I})$ Electromagnetic interference in industrial environments Failure of the machine or loss of data $\rightarrow$ The USB interface is not intended for operation in an industrial environment, but only as a service interface for software updates or for loading data into or from the controller.



#### 4.5.3 USB Sticks

USB stick users should consider the following points:

- The USB port is mechanically designed to support up to 1,000 plug/unplug operations.
- Pulling off a USB stick during operation is allowed only when no more file operations are being performed. Failure to comply may render the USB stick useless!
- If a program still has a file open when the USB stick is pulled, you will find it impossible to close the directory that the file belongs to. In this situation, the system will not respond to any file or directory operation requests because it would be expected to read from a device that is no longer available. Therefore, before pulling off the USB stick, you should always ensure that no program still has an open file loaded from the stick.
- Before pulling off the stick, always use the function USB\_UMountDisk from the Parker System Library iMX6
- USB sticks can be found under the following path: \media\usbx (x = 1..n number of plugged USB sticks)
- Supported format(s): FAT32

#### 4.5.4 X3 Serial Communication RS-232 / CAN1

The CAN interface complies with standard ISO 11898 and supports baud rates of up to 1 Mbps. It is electrically insulated.

Pin wiring RS 232 interface:

#### Pin wiring CAN interface:

X8 RS 232 interface				X8 CAN interface					
Connector	Pin	Function		Connector	Pin	Function			
	1	RXD			6	CAN_H			
Weidmüller E	32L 2	TXD		Weidmüller B2L	7	CAN_L			
3,5/10/180LF		GND 3,5/1		8	CAN_GND				
1338740000	4	Shield		1338740000	9	CAN_H			
	5	Shield			10	CAN_L			
			_						

NOTE
You may connect the CAN bus termination directly to the pins.

#### 4.5.5 X4 Digital Input and Power Supply

#### On-board power supply unit

The PAC Controller features an on-board power supply unit (PSU) designed for an input voltage of 24 VDC (18 V ... 32 V). The PSU is protected against reverse polarity. It supplies power to the PAC120's CPU core and to the PACHC and PACIO modules connected to the E-bus. The modules themselves require their own power supply.

Verify that both the cord and the PSA are externally protected against short circuit and overload triggering at max. 10 A.

Pin wiring:

X9 24 VDC power supply									
Conr	lector	Pin	Function						
		1	Digital input						
	Woidmüllor	2	External power supply						
	velumulei	2	24 VDC (18 V 32 V)						
Q		3	External power supply, GND						



#### 4.5.6 Communication Modules

Connector		Profinet	EtherCAT	Ethernet
	X21	Port-001	IN	Port 1
	X22	Port-002	Ουτ	Port 2

#### 4.5.7 Functional Earth

Connect functional earth to the protective earth conductor of the switching cabinet or the system that the PC is installed in. Use the flat plug (6.3 mm x 0.8 mm) or the earth bolt at the back of the unit.

Verify that the cross section is not less than 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>. Try to keep the lead to the cabinet terminal as short as possible.



#### 4.5.8 SD Card

PAC120 features a SD card slot at its front. The slot is marked with a SD icon.

The SD card slot has a push-in/push-out plug & eject mechanism. You may use a flat object to help you plug in or eject the card.

The SD card can be found under the following path: \media\sd

SD card properties

- Supported format(s): FAT32
- Maximum memory size: 32 GB
- Maximum file size: 4 GB 1 byte
- Quality: Industrial Grade
- Technology: SLC

	CAUTION
	Electrostatic discharge (ESD) Inappropriate handling will destroy the memory card → SD cards are susceptible to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Please take account of the instructions on how to handle memory cards.
	NOTE
	The SD card slot has no hot-plug capability. It will therefore detect cards only if they were plugged in at the time of booting the unit. You cannot swap SD cards in service.



#### 4.6 Retain Variables

From version 1.25.0 (CODESYS 3.5 SP16 Patch40) onwards, remanent variables can be declared with the keywords "RETAIN" or "PERSISTENT". In older versions, the Persistence Manager of CODESYS must be used.

Retain variables are declared by adding the keyword RETAIN in the declaration area.

Example of declaration in the Global Variable List:

VAR\_GLOBAL RETAIN udiCounter: UDINT; END\_VAR

Persistence variables are declared by adding the keyword PERSISTENT in the declaration area. Example of declaration in the Global Variable List:

VAR\_GLOBAL PERSISTENT RETAIN udiCounter: UDINT; END VAR

Retain and persistence variables differ in their lifetime:

	Normal variables	RETAIN	PERSISTENT RETAIN PERSISTENT PERSISTENT RETAIN
Powerfail	0	X	Х
Online-Change	Х	X	Х
Reset warm	0	X	Х
Reset cold	0	0	Х
Load	0	0	X <sup>1)</sup>
Reset Origin	0	0	0

X = Value of the variable is retained.

0 = Variable is initialized.

 $X^{(1)}$  = Remains only if the structure within the persistent variable has not changed.

For further details, please refer to the CODESYS help.



#### 4.7 Indicators and Controls

#### 4.7.1 Status LEDs

The status LEDs indicate the state of the PAC120 modules. RUN/STOP is indicative of the soft PLC status. Indicators:

LED Description			
Label		LED flash code	Explanation
		off	Initializing, no data exchange
		off/green, 1:1	Pre-operational, no data exchange
	EllerCAT Run	off/green, 3:1	Safe operation, inputs readable
		green, on	Operational, unrestricted data exchange
		off	
EtherCAT Run Run / Stop	PUN/STOP	flashing yellow	CODESYS identification aid
	KUN/STOP	green	PLC status is "run"
		red	PLC status is "stop"
	Error	off	
		flashing red	Error
	LANLink	off	Ethernet cable not connected
		green	Ethernet cable connected
	LAN Activity	off	No Ethernet activity
		flashing yellow	Ethernet activity
888	DI	off	No input signal
		green	Input signal received
	24 V	off	Supply voltage not available
		green	Supply voltage available
LED EtherCAT			
St	ate	LED flash code	Explanation
	Init	red, cont. light	Initialization state, no data exchange
	Pre-Op	off/green, 1:1	Preoperational state, no data exchange
	Safe-Op	red/green, 5:1	Safe operational state, Inputs are readable
	Ор	green, cont. light	Operational state, full data exchange

LED Run / Stop				
State		LED flash code	Explanation	
	run	green	CODESYS-project is running	
	stop	red	CODESYS-project is stopped	
	reset	yellow	CODESYS-project is deleted	
	x	flashing yellow	CODESYS connection test	

Error flash code				
State	LED flash code	Explanation		
	red, 2x	Undervoltage		
	red, 3x	Watchdog		



LED LAN (link)				
Sta	itus	LED flash code	Explanation	
	linked	green	Connected	
LED LAN (activity)				
Sta	itus	LED flash code	Explanation	
	active	yellow	Active Data exchange	
LED DI				
Status LED flash		LED flash code	Explanation	
	active	green	Input active	
Status		LED flash code	Explanation	
	on	green	24 V DC exists	

Status displays PROFINET IO device extension				
Label		LED	Meaning	
	Link	off	No physical connection	
	LINK	green	Physical connection	
	Activity	off	No data exchange	
Link England	Activity	yellow	Data exchange	
x22	SE.	off	No PROFINET diagnosis available	
Activity	J JF	red	PROFINET diagnosis present	
Activity SF O	DE	off	Active communication between PROFINET IO controller and this PROFINET IO device	
BF O Ready O	BF	red	No connection status available	
Status O		red flashing	Connection status OK: no communication with a PROFINET IO controller	
	Ready	off	TPS-1 has not started correctly	
888		green flashing	TPS-1 is waiting for synchronisation with the host CPU (firmware start completed)	
		green	TPS-1 started correctly	
	Status	off	n/a	
	Gialus	green	n/a	

Status displays EtherCAT extension			
Label		LED	Meaning
		off	No physical connection
x22	Link/Activity	green	Physical connection
		flashing	Data exchange
	Power	off	No supply voltage at the extension module
Power O		green	Supply voltage of extension module OK
EC Run O	EC Run	off	Initialization status, no data exchange
		off/green, 1:1	Pre-operational status, no data exchange
		off/green, 5:1	State Safe-operational, inputs are readable
		green	State Operational, full data exchange

Status displays Ethernet (EtherNet/IP) extension				
Label		LED	Meaning	
Speed	Speed	off	10 Mbit	
X22		green	100 Mbit	
Speed	Link/Activity	off	No physical connection	
		yellow	Physical connection	
Power O		flashing	Data exchange	
Status Ö	Power	off	No supply voltage at the extension module	
		green	Supply voltage of extension module OK	
	Status	off	Extension module not ready	
		green	Extension module ready	



#### 4.7.2 Stop/Reset Button

NOTE

The Reset/Stop button is located underneath the status indicators at the front of the unit.

To avoid it being pushed unintentionally, the Stop/Reset button can be operated using a pointed object (pen, screwdriver) only.

The first push for less than 5 seconds "Stops" the CODESYS PLC program. Run/Stop changes from green to red. Pushing the button again for less than 5 seconds "Starts" the CODESYS PLC program again, Run/Stop changes from red to green ... etc.

Pushing the Stop/Reset button for longer than 5 seconds resets the PAC120. Run/Stop extinguishes and LED Error light up green. You can now release the Stop/Reset button. This will reboot the PAC120.



In reset mode, there is no communication with PAC120. CODESYS online connections will be interrupted after a "communication error". Except for the Retain and Persistent variables, all variables will reset to their initial values.



#### 5. Operation

#### 5.1 Installation

#### 5.1.1 Mechanical Installation

→ PAC120 / PACHC / PACIO modules are intended for mounting rail installation (DIN EN 50022, 35 mm x 7.5 mm).

#### To snap on a single module

- → Push up the module against the mounting rail from below, allowing the metal spring to snap in between mounting rail and mounting area as illustrated.
- $\rightarrow$  Push the module against the mounting wall until it snaps in.

#### To interconnect two modules

- → After snapping on the first module to the rail, snap on the second module about 1 cm away towards the right of the first module.
- → Push the second module along the rail towards the first module until you hear the locking device snap in.

#### To disconnect two modules

- → Push down the unlock button (see Figure 2) of the module that you wish to disconnect from the module to the left of it.
- $\rightarrow$  Push both modules away from one another until they are about 1 cm apart.

#### To take down a single module

- → Push the module up and against the metal spring located on the underside of the rail guide.
- $\rightarrow$  Tip the module away from the rail as shown in the illustration.
- → Pull the module down and out of the mounting rail.



Figure 2: Uninstalling a module



#### Installation position

The mounting rail is mounted horizontally, the socket connectors of the modules face forward. To ensure sufficient ventilation through the convection slits of the modules, the minimum distance of 20 mm upwards and 35 mm downwards to neighboring units and control cabinet surfaces must not be undercut. The lateral distance to third-party devices and control cabinet surfaces must not be less than 20 mm.



### (B)

NOTE

#### Order of modules in the PAC system

To ensure smooth functioning of the entire PAC system, arrange the PAC modules according to their E-bus load so that the modules with the greatest E-bus load are arranged directly after the head module (bus coupler or controller). Observe the maximum bus load of the head module.



#### 5.1.2 Electrical installation



#### Earthing

Connect the PAC modules to earth by attaching the metal housing to functional earth.

Since the functional earth connector dissipates HF currents, it is of utmost importance for the module's noise immunity.

HF interference is dissipated from the electronics board to the metal housing. The metal housing therefore needs to be suitably connected to a functional earth connector.

You will normally have to ensure that

- the connection between module housing and DIN rail conducts well,
- the connection between DIN rail and switching cabinet conducts well,
- the switching cabinet is safely connected to earth.

In special cases, you may attach the earth wire straight to the module.





#### Note

Earth wires should be short and have a large surface (copper mesh). Refer to http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ground\_ (electricity) for further details



#### Module interconnection

The PAC modules electrically connect by completely pushing the modules together. This automatically connects them to the EtherCAT bus system and supplies power to the EtherCAT communication modules. PAC120 is always the first module of a PACHC/PACIO block.

Please note that the power supplied by PAC120 limits the number of PAC modules you may connect to a single block.

Logic Power Supply (24 VDC)

Power to the logic circuitry is supplied through lines L+ and L- of the module plug.

CAUTION
Risk of electric voltage         Supply voltages outside of the admissible range may destroy the unit.         →       Before turning on the supply voltage, verify that it is within the admissible voltage range.

#### Internal power supply

The PAC120 has a built-in power supply for an input voltage of 24 VDC (18 V ... 32 V). The power supply has a built-in reverse polarity protection. This power supply unit supplies the CPU core of the PAC controller, but also the PACIO modules connected to the E-bus. The supply line and the power supply unit must be provided with external short-circuit and overload protection with a tripping current of max. 10 A.

#### Digital input

Make sure that the cable length at the digital input is shorter than 30 m.

#### Ethernet cable

Only use cables that comply with the Cat5e specification according to ISO/IEC 11801 or better. The maximum permissible cable length between two network nodes is 100 m.



#### NOTE

Torsion and continuous tensile load close to the plug of the Ethernet cable stress the connection. If the plug is seated with a lot of play and not sufficiently guided in the bush, tilting effects occur in the plug connections. This can lead to contact interruptions.



#### 5.2 Configuration

A web interface is used to configure PAC120. After logging in, you can check and change various system settings and/or display system information.

#### 5.2.1 IP Address

The PAC120 is delivered with a fixed IP address and a fixed subnet mask.

	PAC120 -Pxx01-3X-00-01 (IEC)	PAC120 -Mxx01-3X-00-01 (IEC, PLCopen Motion)
IP adress	169.254.116.116	192.168.10.50
Subnet mask	255.255.0.0	255.255.0.0

To connect to the PAC120 for the first time, your PC must be in the same IP address range as the PAC120.

If necessary, change the IP address of your PC accordingly.

	CAUTION
	Duplicate IP addresses         Assigning the same IP address to two different devices may cause serious network problems.         →       Check your network for duplicate IP addresses.         →       To put PAC120 into operation for the first time, we recommend using a direct network connection between and set IP addresses es for PAC120 and the programming PC. You may have to use a cross-over network cable.
	CAUTION
	<ul> <li>Unknown IP address</li> <li>→ When the connection to the PAC120 fails, because the IP address is not known, you can start the PAC120 in service mode (section 5.5.2).</li> </ul>

#### 5.2.2 IP Reset

Additionally to the set IP address, the PAC120 gets assigned a unique IP address in service mode, allowing to reach the PAC120 if the IP address settings are unknown.

IP adress: 192.168.0.116

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

With this IP adress the PAC120 is accessible via web interface and the preset IP adress can be readout and modified. To apply the preset IP adress and leave the service mode the device must be turned out.



#### 5.3 Web Interface

#### 5.3.1 Web Interface - Login

First of all, run a browser application on your PC to launch the web interface of PAC120. Internet Explorer, Chrome and Firefox are the current choice of browsers.

Type the following IP address into your browser's address bar: http://<IP-Address>

The following web site displays:



#### **User Login:**

Name:		
Password:		
[	Send	Reset

The control unit hosts several user accounts for accessing the web interface. The user passwords default to the user names.

The following users may access the web interface:

Name	Password	Rights
admin	admin	Unrestricted access
webuser	webuser	Restricted access

Overview rights

User name	FTP/web	Rights FTP	Rights Web
admin	No/Yes	none	Read/Write
webuser	No/Yes	none	Read



Provided that logging in is successful, another page showing the menu items below displays.



#### 5.3.2 Menu – Configuration

#### 5.3.2.1 Menu Item "Network"

Use this page to change various of the control unit's network settings. The new network settings will be enabled when you restart the unit.

#### <u>Host name</u>

The host name identifies the control unit in a unique manner. In CODESYS V3, the host name is called device name and computer name in Windows. Host names are made up of one or several labels separated by a dot. A label consists of one or more characters.

A label may be comprised of up to 24 ASCII characters:

- a–z or A–Z (no distinction is made between upper and lower case)
- Numerals 0–9
- Hyphen/minus sign –

RFC952 disallows all other characters because they may cause problems. You may also use a Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) such as plc24.mycompany.de as the host name.

Please note that the control unit does not run any DNS or WINS services. Accessing the control unit using the host name therefore requires an extra configuration (e.g. an entry in the network's DNS server).

#### DNS server

Specify at least one valid DNS server if you wish the control unit to gain access to the domain name system (DNS), that is to say, if you wish it to access other hosts by their name instead of their IP address. The second DNS server is a fallback name in case access to the first server fails. Retain the default for both entries (0.0.0.0) if you do not wish to use the DNS.

#### Default gateway

Enter the IP address of the router or gateway if the control unit needs to be connected to the Internet. You may retain the default (0.0.0.0) if the control unit will be used in the local area network only. The gateway settings only apply to the first network interface (eth0).

#### <u>ETH0</u>

ETH0 is the device name of the second network interface of the operating system. This interface supports various modes (inactive, static, dhcp, ethercat, profinet device).

The factory setting is a static IP address for the first network interface, i.e. eth0 (mode: static).

#### ETH0:1

Virtual extension of network interfaces eth0 and eth1 which allows you to set a second static IP address for the network interface concerned, e.g. for providing separate service access. Only supports mode: static and IP addresses from another IP address range than that of the basic interface. It will not activate if the basic interface mode "ethercat" is active.

Network mode: inactive

This mode entirely disables the network interface.

#### Network mode: static

This mode lets you set a static IP address. Apart from the static IP address you will need the net mask (called Net-Mask or Subnetmask). This mode should also be enabled if you wish to use the interface for BACnet, Ethernet/IP or as a Modbus/TCP interface.

#### Network mode: dhcp

This mode supports a DHCP server's IP address automatically assigned to the network interface when starting the control unit. Set fields IP Address and NetMask to 0.0.0.0 (default).



#### Network mode: ethercat

This mode defines the network interface as an EtherCAT device. We recommend using eth1 for EtherCAT. In CODE-SYS V3, you will then have to tell the EtherCAT master configuration that the interface selected for EtherCAT (e.g. "eth1") is a bus interface.

#### Network mode: profinet device

This function is not supported by PAC120. The left-sided Profinet interface is configured within CODESYS.

#### <u>ETH1</u>

ETH1 is the device name of the second network interface of the operating system. This network interface is permanently set up as a EtherCAT device (mode: ethercat).

#### <u>ETH2</u>

These settings are only visible if the PAC120 is equipped with the Ethernet IP expansion module. ETH2 is the device name of the third network interface in the operating system. This interface supports different modes (inactive, static, dhcp, ethercat, profinet device).

In the delivery state, the network interface eth2 is configured with the static IP address 169.254.116.117 (mode: static).

#### ETH2:1

Virtual extensions of the eth2 network interfaces, which makes it possible to set a second static IP address for the respective network interface, e.g. for a separate service access. It can only be operated in mode: static and the IP address must have a different IP range than the base interface. If Mode ethercat is active on the basic interface, it cannot be activated.



#### 5.3.2.2 Menu Item "CAN"

The settings on this page allow you to omit CODESYS V3 and still operate the CAN interfaces at a specific baud rate. By default ("set by codesys"), the interface remains inactive until initialized by the CODESYS V3 application.

If you tick one of the available baud rates, the CODESYS V3 application will be ignored when booting the system and the CAN interface will be enabled at the set baud rate. The application can still access the interface.

#### 5.3.2.3 Menu Item "Time and Date"

Use this page to set time of the control unit's real-time clock (RTC) and the time zone. The default time zone on is set to the Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). What is making this a special setting is that UTC is equivalent to the control unit's RTC. Changing the UTC time also changes the RTC. Upon delivery, the control unit's RTC is set to the current German time.

You will need this information to change the time zone of the control unit in order to run functions such as changing between winter and daylight saving time. Remember to change the default German time to the actual UTC time before choosing a new time zone. The time and the changed time zone will not display correctly until you have properly set the RTC/UTC.

Please note that some of the CODESYS V3 system libraries read the time as RTC(UTC).

To show the time and the time zone together, the time reading must first be converted into the local time.

#### 5.3.2.4 Menu Item "VNC-Server"

Use this page to change the resolution and color settings of the control unit's on-board VNC server. Depending on the connected e-terminal, the values should be adapted accordingly. If images with alpha channel (e.g. transparent PNGs) are used for visualization, 32 bit colour depth is recommended.

#### 5.3.2.5 Menu Item "FTP-Server"

Use this page to enable or disable the control unit's on-board FTP server which uses TCP port 21. The following users are privileged to log in to the FTP server:

User name	Root Directory	Change Root Directory	Rights
root	/root	yes	read/write
ftpuser	/flash/ftpupload	no	read/write (ftpupload only)
ftpadm	/flash/ftpupload	yes	read/write (ftpupload only)
ftpreader	/flash/ftpupload	no	read
ftp custom user (ftpreader/ftpuser/ftpadm)	adjustable	adjustable	adjustable


### 5.3.2.6 Menu Item "SSH-Server"

	SSH C	onfiguratio	on
	SSH-Se	rver:	Enabled V
	Save		
8.2.7 Menu Item "	Neb-Server"		
	Webserver		
	Configuration		
	Startup:	Enabled V	*1
	Standard (http):	80	*2
	Secure (https):	443	*2
	Caution:		
	*1 - If the webserv is possible via	er is deactivate the webinterfa	ed, no further configuration ce !
	*2 - Changing of th In maintenanc	e webserver po e mode the sta	orts is not recommended ! ndard ports will be used.
	Save		
	Weblogo		
	Anfrage senden	Durchs	uchen



### 5.3.2.8 Menu Item "Users"

Use this page to change the passwords of the users registered with the control unit.

You may also create up to five custom "ftpusers", assign any user name and root directory to them, enable or disable them and set their privileges based on the three default "ftpuser". Change the passwords of all or some users before running the control unit in a productive environment or make sure that nobody has physical access to the control unit or the network connected to it.

User Name	FTP / web Rights FTP		Rights web	
root	yes / yes	read/write	read/write	
admin	no / yes	none	read/write	
ftpuser	yes / no	read/write (ftpupload only)	none	
ftpadm	yes / no	read/write (ftpupload only)	none	
ftpreader	yes / no	read	none	
webuser	no / yes	none	none	
ftpuser1-5 (ftpreader/ftpuser/ftpa dm)	yes / no	adjustable	none	

### 5.3.2.9 Menu Item "SVC Config"

This function is not supported by PAC120.

#### 5.3.2.10 Menu Item "Reset Config"

Use this page to restore the control unit's condition as delivered or its factory defaults. This includes the network, date/time, display and FTP server settings as well as all user passwords. Mind that all user data, CODESYS V3 applications and settings will be cleared in the process. Only the licenses installed in the control unit will be retained. Restart the control unit after resetting the settings.



### 5.3.3 Menu – System

#### 5.3.3.1 Menu Item "Info"

This page displays all major details of the control unit.

Option	Example	Explanation	
Part-name	PAC120	Name of control unit	
Firmware-version	1.19.1	Release of the firmware currently installed in the control unit	
Codesys RTS version	3.5.11.40	Release of the CODESYS V3 runtime system currently running in the control unit. The first two digits are the main CODESYS release, the third digit is the service pack, the fourth dig- it is the patch level and the fifth digit (if any) is the hotfix level.	
Licenses	ETHERCAT-MASTER CANOPEN-MASTER MODBUSTCP-MASTER MODBUS-RTU-MASTER	All licenses installed in the control unit. Some libraries such as Modbus TCP requires extra li- censes which you may have to install separately.	
System operation time	1612 hours 0 min	Total runtime since first putting the control unit into operation	
System uptime	0 day 0 hour 19 min	Control unit runtime since last starting the operating system	

### 5.3.3.2 Menu Item "Licenseinfo"

This page displays which licenses are used.

#### 5.3.3.3 Menu Item "Update"

Use this page to upload various files to the control unit in order to install firmware updates or further licenses. Remember to stop all CODESYS V3 applications on the control unit before installing an update. First of all, pick the required file (e.g. firmware\_mx6-plc\_x.x.x.tgz) by clicking on "Search...", then click on "Send data" to upload the file. This may take up to several minutes, depending on the file size and the quality of the connection. After the upload, the web interface displays a description and the release of the uploaded file for you to review this information. Now click on "Start" to initiate the update process which may take up to two minutes to complete, depending on the size of the .tgz file.

CAUTION
<ul> <li>Damage to the unit</li> <li>Once started, you must not interrupt the update process. Do not disconnect the unit from the power supply during that time. Prematurely interrupting the upload process will turn the unit into a case of repair.</li> <li>→ Make sure that the power supply cannot be interrupted by mistake.</li> </ul>
Note
Attention: After the update, the controller must be restarted. No applications or user data on the controller are deleted during the update. After the required restart, the controller tries to set existing boot applications to the "AS RUN" status. The controller starts up again

#### 5.3.3.4 Menu Item "Reboot"

immediately after an update.

Use this page to restart the control unit. You have to restart the control unit when you change some of the control unit settings. This will interrupt all applications currently running in the control unit.



# 5.3.4 Menu – PLC-Manager

# 5.3.4.1 Control

Use this page to control the CODESYS V3 applications hosted by the control unit.

AS_RUN
Start All Applications Stop All Applications
Reset Warm Reset Cold Reset Origin
Erase CODESYS application, configuration and all files in the plc folder Erase CODESYS retain area Erase

Panel 1 displays the status of all applications hosted by the control unit.

State	Explanation
AS_PARTIALLY_STOPPED	The state of at least one application is "AS_STOP"
AS_RUN	The state of all control unit applications is "AS_RUN"
AS_STOP	The state of all control unit applications is "AS_STOP"
AS_NONE	There are no control unit applications.

Panel 2 allows you to start or stop all applications at once.

Option	Explanation
Start All Applications	The software will try to change the status of all applications to "AS_RUN".
Stop All Applications	The software will try to change the status of all applications to "AS_STOP".

Panel 3 lets you reset the control unit.

Option	Explanation
Reset Warm	The status of all control unit applications changes to "AS_STOP" and all normal variables are reset.
Reset Cold	Same as "Reset Warm" except that all RETAIN variables will reset also.
Reset Origin	Erases all control unit applications and resets all control unit variables, including the RETAIN and RE- TAIN PERSISTENT variables of all applications. Afterwards, you will not be able to log in unless you download the applications to the control unit first.

#### Panel 4 lets you reset the control unit.

Option	Explanation
Erase CODESYS application, configura- tion and all files in the plc folder	Erases all control unit applications and resets all control unit variables, including the RETAIN and RE- TAIN PERSISTENT variables of all applications. The function also erases all files and folders in direc- tory /home/plc/applications. This action has to be followed by restarting the control unit.
Erase CODESYS retain area	Erases the RETAIN and RETAIN PERSISTENT variables of all applications. This action has to be followed by restarting the control unit.



# 5.3.4.2 Config

On this page some special settings of the controller can be made.

• PLC application on SD-Card

This option causes the SD memory card to be integrated in such a way that the control can execute applications directly from the memory card.



# CAUTION

If you want to use this feature, you must use a special SD card provided by Parker. Commercially available SD cards are only recognized as mass storage, but not as additional system memory. If the option is activated, the system will not start without a Parker SD card and it will not be possible to load an application. In this case, however, the web interface remains accessible so that the option can be deactivated again.

### 5.3.4.3 Application Info

This page displays details of the control unit applications.

Applicationname

Unique name of the application. Can be changed in the CODESYS V3 development environment by changing the name of the "Application" object.

State

Current status of the application.

AS\_RUN: application is running.

AS\_STOP: application stopped either manually or because of an error during execution.

- Projectname, Projectauthor, Projectversion, Projectprofile, Projectdescription
  Displays the project details specified on the CODESYS V3 development platform. To change any of these details, run CODESYS V3, open the "Project" menu from the menu bar and choose "Project Information".
- Exception-ID Tells you whether an error occurred in the application. Exception ID 0x00000000 means that there is no error.
- Exception Name of error state.

#### 5.3.4.4 Application Files

This page lists all files stored in the control unit. You can separately download every file or use one of the following additional options:

Download folder from PLC

Creates a downloadable archive of all files in directory /home/plc and further re-inflating information. Neither modify or unzip the archive if you wish to upload it for use on another control unit.

Upload folder to PLC

Uploads a previously downloaded archive to the control unit. Use this option to quickly produce and restore backup files or to quickly send application to many other control units which cannot be accessed via the network.

Attention! The feature will overwrite existing files and applications without a security prompt. Restart the control unit after you have uploaded an image.

Clean folder

Removes all applications from the control unit. CODESYS V3 configuration files are retained. To also remove the CODESYS V3 configuration files, run function "Erase CODESYS application, configuration and all files in the plc folder" on panel PLC Control as described in section 5.4.3.1. Restart the control unit after running this function.



# 5.3.4.5 Font Files

This page lists all fonts currently installed in the control unit. Fonts are distinguished as "System Fonts" and "PLC Fonts". Section 5.4.3 explains how to install new fonts in the control unit.

Please note that you can either use the system fonts or any custom fonts. In case you wish to use both, your own fonts and fonts previously installed in the control unit, you will first of all have to download the system fonts and up-load them back to the control unit's "PLC Fonts" folder together with your own fonts.

System fonts

Lists the fonts previously installed in the control unit by default. You can neither modify nor delete these default fonts.

 PLC fonts Lists the fonts you uploaded to the control unit.

#### 5.3.5 Menu – Diagnostics

#### 5.3.5.1 PLC Log

This page shows the log of CODESYS V3 Runtime. Log details include:

- The CODESYS V3 release installed and active licenses.
- The system libraries you are using plus their version.
- Network information.
- CODESYS V3 events such as user logins and logouts or the downloading of applications.
- Errors or exceptions that occurred in CODESYS V3 Runtime.

#### 5.3.5.2 System Log

This page has two panels:

Panel "System Log" displays the system log located in the file system at /var/log/messages. It contains general details of the operating system and the services and programs currently running. The lighttpd web server, for example, also logs accesses to the web interface.

Panel "System Diag" logs all interaction between the system and CODESYS V3 Runtime. Entries include information about changes to the retain memory, CODESYS V3 Runtime states, times of boot and power fail events.

#### 5.3.5.3 Ethernet

Use this page to view details of the control unit's network interface. The difference to the "Network" item (see section 5.3.2.1) is that you cannot make any changes on this page. Instead it lists detailed information such as the MAC address, IP address as well as the data packets and volumes sent and received.

#### 5.3.5.4 CAN

This page displays details of the CAN interfaces. A counter of internal error states informs you of the bus state:

can state: ERROR_ACTIVE	CAN active (<96 error frames)
can state: ERROR_WARNING	CAN active (<128 error frames)
can state: ERROR_PASSIVE	CAN inactive (<256 error frames)
can state: ERROR_BUS_OFF	CAN off (>=256 error frames)
can state: ERROR_SLEEPING	CAN running in stand-by mode
can state: STOPPED	CAN stopped

Further details you may view include the current baud rate setting, data packets and volumes received and sent and the total number of error frames received.



# 5.3.5.5 Storage

Use this page to view details of the control unit's memory state. The most important information for you will be the flash memory state (green highlight) and the state of the external SD card (blue highlight), if any.

You will find the one or several USB memory sticks connected (via a hub if several) in column "/media/usbx". The x marks the order in which the sticks have been mounted (i.e. 1 if one stick is connected).

Filesystem	Size	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on
ubi0_0	47.5M	15.6M	31.9M	33%	/
devtmpfs	106.8M	0	106.8M	0%	/dev
/dev/ubi0_1	47.5M	31.5M	16.0M	66%	/usr
None	196.6M	32.0K	196.6M	0%	/tmp
None	122.9M	0	122.9M	0%	/media
None	122.9M	116.0K	122.8M	0%	/run
None	122.9M	60.0K	122.8M	0%	/var/log
None	122.9M	116.0K	122.8M	0%	/var/run
None	122.9M	0	122.9M	0%	/var/lock
None	122.9M	0	122.9M	0%	/var/tmp
/dev/ubi1_0	104.3M	596.0K	103.7M	1%	/flash
/dev/ubi1_0	104.3M	596.0K	103.7M	1%	/home/plc
/dev/ubi1_0	104.3M	596.0K	103.7M	1%	/usr/local
/dev/ubi1_0	104.3M	596.0K	103.7M	1%	/var/cache
/dev/ubi1_0	104.3M	596.0K	103.7M	1%	/var/spool
/dev/ubi0_1	47.5M	31.5M	16.0M	66%	/etc
None	196.6M	32.0K	196.6M	0%	/var/www/tmp
/dev/mmcblk0p1	945.7M	3.8M	941.9M	0%	/media/sd
/dev/sda1	7.5G	24.9M	7.5G	0%	/media/usb1

#### 5.3.5.6 System Dump

This page allows you to create an image of the control unit's entire diagnostics realm. Use this function to analyse errors occurring in an application or the control unit. We recommend creating the image file immediately after the error occurred, i.e. without restarting the control unit first. It may take several minutes to create the image file. Once it is available, the browser will provide it for download. Save this file and send it to Parker for analysis.

#### 5.3.6 Logout

Find the logout link in the bottom right corner of the screen.



# **5.4 System Functions**

#### 5.4.1 FTP-Server

Run the FTP server of PAC120 to allow an FTP client to access the controller. Refer to section 5.3.2.5 menu Item "FTP server". FTP lets you exchange recipe data with the control unit, for example.

#### File System and Folder Tree

Most of the control unit's file system folders and files can either not be accessed or just read by the user. To be able to use certain control unit functions, however, there are some directories that end users have write and use access to.

Folder	Description	
/flash	Unit's internal flash memory	
/flash/plc	CODESYS V3 root directory. Also mounted at /home/plc.	
/flash/plc/applications	Location of the CODESYS V3 application	
/flash/plc/applications/fonts	Location of some fonts which needs to be created once if you intend to use your own fonts.	
/flash/ftpupload	FTP users root. Use this as your default directory for files downloaded or uploaded via FTP.	
/media/sd	External flash memory (SD card); only available if a SD card is used.	
/media/usb1	External USB memory; only available if a storage medium has been plugged in.	

#### 5.4.2 Service Mode

Service mode differs from normal operation in the following points:

- CODESYS V3 Runtime will not run, i.e. no control program will be running.
- The factory defaults will be loaded when configuring the network to ensure that every control unit can be addressed by a unique IP address. Refer to section 5.3.2.1 to learn more about this kind of network configuration.
- Underneath the name of the control unit, the web interface will display "(maintenance)" instead of "(plcactive)".

Service mode is enabled by turning off PAC120. Now press and hold the button to restart PAC120. Keep pressing the button until Run/Stop lights up yellow every 2 seconds.

#### 5.4.3 Installing more Fonts

By default, DejaVu series fonts are installed. If you wish to use other fonts such as Windows fonts for your WebVisu or TargetVisu visualisations, you may copy any set of Truetype fonts (\*.ttf) to folder "/flash/plc/applications/fonts/" and use them afterwards.

If you have not used any own fonts yet, you will have to create this folder once. We recommend running the control unit's FTP server application and downloading the fonts into the control unit via FTP.

Attention: For system reasons, you will have to use lowercase letters for the font file extension because the system will otherwise fail to recognize the file and you may have to rename the file. For example, be sure Arial unicode font file is called "ARIALUNI.ttf". The control unit will not recognize "ARIALUNI.TTF" or "ARIALUNI.Ttf".

Attention: You can choose to use the on-board or additional fonts. To make parallel use of your own and the onboard DejaVu fonts, first of all download the DejaVu fonts from directory "/var/lib/fonts" or via the web interface and upload them to folder "/flash/plc/applications/fonts/" together with your own fonts.





NOTE

The PAC120 can be updated via USB stick or SD card.

- USB stick: The update must be saved in the directory "usbupdate-mx6" on a USB stick.
- SD card: The update must be saved in the directory "sdupdate-mx6" on an SD card.

The file "usbupdate.ini" in the update directory ("usbupdate-mx6" or "sdupdate-mx6") is the central configuration file. It is used to set which actions are carried out when the unit is booted.

The usbupdate.ini is divided into five sections. In each of these sections there is at least one pair of key and value. Furthermore, the file "usbupdate.tgz" must be in the update directory.

A complete template can be found on our website at:

#### http://www.parker.com/PAC120



The SD card slot is not hot-pluggable. This means that only cards that were inserted during booting are recognized. It is not possible to exchange the SD card during operation.

All entries in usbupdate.ini have a short description of the function in English. Most values are of the type "boolean" and can therefore take the values "yes" or "no".

There are the following five sections:

- [firmware]: Settings for upgrading or downgrading the firmware.
- [webtheme]: Settings for replacing the logo visible in the web interface.
- [sysconfig]: Settings for changing the system configuration.
- [plcapp]: Settings for executing an application update or a copy operation.

For each of these sections, there is a folder with the same name on the USB memory. The files required for the respective execution are stored in this folder. Since the usbupdate.ini is only a text file with a special formatting, it can be edited with any text editor. However, it is recommended to use an editor (e.g. the free software Notepad++) that masters the ini format and formats the text and also displays it in colour.

Each section and also each key/value pair can be used independently. It is possible to create a USB update that changes only one setting or an update that copies files to the controller afterwards. The user can choose freely here and, if necessary, create different USB memories for different occasions. Entries that do not exist or are commented out are ignored.

In the following chapters, the possible entries of all sections are briefly presented.

#### Update: Section [firmware]

The firmware section consists of the following keys:

Overview					
Кеу	Value range	Description			
do_update	yes / no				
firmware_name	Filename	The file must be in the subfolder "firmware". Example: Firmware_PAC120_x.xx.tgz			

#### Update: Section [webtheme]

The webtheme section consists of the following key:

Overview						
Кеу	Value range	Description				
do_update_webtheme	yes / no					

The logo must be a GIF image file with the name "logo.gif" and must be in the subfolder "webtheme". The image is scaled by the browser in the web interface. It is recommended to create the logo directly in the resolution suitable for the intended use.



# Update: Section [sysconfig]

The Sysconfig section consists of the following keys:

Overview	Dverview							
Кеу	Value range	Description						
do_reset_syscfg_to_factory_defaults	yes / no	This key specifies whether the configuration of the controller is to be set to the delivery state.						
do_sysconfig_from_file	yes / no	This key specifies whether the configuration of the controller is to be up- dated with the settings from the "configuration.ini".						
replace_config_file_instead_of_merge	yes / no	This key specifies that the configuration of the controller will be reset to the delivery state and						

The configuration settings to be updated are defined in the "configuration.ini" file in the "sysconfig" folder. The individual options are described in more detail in one of the following chapters.

# Update: Section [plcapp]

The plcapp section consists of the following keys:

Overview	verview						
Кеу	Value range	Description					
do_clean_plcfolder	yes / no	This key specifies whether the application folder on the controller (/flash/plc/applications/) should be deleted completely					
do_update_plcapp	yes / no	This key specifies whether a programme update of the controller pro- gramme should be carried out. All files from the update archive are writ- ten to the controller. Files with the same name are overwritten.					
plcapp_name	Filename	Filename for the action "do_update_plcapp". This file must be in the sub- folder "application". An update file must have been previously created and downloaded via the web interface from another controller.					
do_copy_plcdata	yes / no	This key specifies whether all files contained in the subfolder "application\ data" are to be copied to the directory "/flash/plc/applications/".					

#### Update: Changing Controller Settings via the "configuration.ini" File

All controller settings that can be adjusted via the web interface can be changed automatically via a USB update. The "configuration.ini" file in the "sysconfig" folder serves as the basis.

In this file, as in the "usbudate.ini", various sections with key/value pairs are stored.

#### Section [network]

)verview						
Key Value range		Description				
eth0.mode	"static" / "dhcp" / "inactive"	Interface Mode				
eth0.ip	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	IP address, e.g. 169.254.116.116				
eth0.netmask	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	Network Mask,. e.g. 255.255.0.0				
default_gateway	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX	IP address, e.g. 169.254.116.1				

Of course, the second network card of the controller can also be configured via the corresponding eth1.xxx keys.

#### Section [ftp]

Overview		
Кеу	Value range	Description
enabled	0 / 1	0 deactivates the FTP server. 1 activates the FTP server.



#### 6. Development Environment CODESYS V3.5

#### 6.1 Installing CODESYS V3.5 on the Project Engineering PC

CODESYS V3.5 is based on a CODESYS V3 runtime system and is a device-independent system for programming control units.

It conforms to standard IEC 61131-3 and supports all standardized IEC programming languages plus the integration of C code routines and object-orientated programming.

In conjunction with runtime system CODESYS Control Win V3 it also allows the use of "multidevice" and "multi-application" programs. Owing to its component-based architecture, it supports customer-specific configurations of and extensions to the user interface.

Before installing CODESYS V3.5, please read and take note of the system requirements:

Windows XP / 7 / 8 / 10, appropriate PC hardware matching the Windows version installed.



#### 6.1.1 Installing the Device Description

Before the IEC 61131-3 development tool CODESYS V3.5 can be used to operate a device, the device and its properties are to be made known to the runtime system.

A separate plug-in, the Device Repository, provides the local system and your projects with the device definition management functions. Among other features, it contains commands of category devices which you will normally find in the Tools menu.

- → Open the Tools menu and pick Device Repository...
- → Screen Device Repository is displayed
- → Expand the tree with the name "Control Units (PLC)"

The Device Repository hosts the descriptions of all devices currently installed on the local system and makes the devices available for programming in CODESYS Devices are installed in and uninstalled directly from the Device Repository.

The screen "Device Descriptions Installed" displays the "Name", "Vendor" and "Version" of every device that is currently installed. Click on the plus and minus signs to expand or collapse the branches.

ocation:	System Repository				•	Edit Locations
	(C:\ProgramData\CODESYS\D	evices)				
nstalled d	evice descriptions:					
String for	a fulltext search	Vendor:	<all vendors=""></all>		•	Install
Name		Vendor		Version	Des ^	Uninstall
🖻 📆 Fi	eldbuses					Export
H H	MI devices				E	
PI PI	LCs					
± [2	SoftMotion PLCs					<u></u>
	CODESYS Control for x64	35 - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.3.0	COL	Renew device
	CODESYS Control RTE V3	3S - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.3.0	A C(	repository
	CODESYS Control RTE V3	3S - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.6.0	A C(	
	CODESYS Control RTE V3	3S - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.9.40	A C(	
	CODESYS Control RTE V3	3S - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.10.0	A C(	
	CODESYS Control RTE V3	3S - Smart	t Software Solutions GmbH	3.5.13.20	A C( 🖛	
•	III				•	Details



Click on "Install..." to install a new device on the local system and make it available for use in the programming system.

Dialog "Device Descriptions" Installed is displayed. Use it to search the system for a specific device description file. If you are looking for a standard device, set the file type filter to "\*.devdesc.xml" (device description).

Clicking on "OK" confirms your settings, closes the screen and adds the device to the tree shown on screen "Device Repository". Look at the bottom of screen Device Repository to find messages on any installation error (e. g. missing files referenced by the device description).

### 6.1.2 Installing Device-specific Libraries

Similar to the device description files, CODESYS keeps libraries in a dedicated repository, i.e. the Library Repository in this case.

The following device-specific libraries are available for PAC120:

- Parker System Library iMX6
   Library providing access to the system settings
- Parker iMX6 Onboard IO Library Library of functions of the on-board IO module
- → Open the Tools menu and pick Library Repository
- $\rightarrow$  The Library Repository dialog is displayed

	System 🔻	Edit Locations
	(C:\ProgramData\CODESYS\Managed Libraries)	
Installed l	oraries:	Install
Company	: (All companies)	Uninstall
	Miscellaneous) Application Docs Intern Aystem Test Versions (not recommended) Use Cases	Export
		Find Details
1	E i	

Click on "Install"... to install a new library in the local system and make it available for use in the programming system.

Browse to the location where your libraries are saved. The default filter is Compiled Libraries (\*.compiled-library) which is the format in which libraries are normally made available. Choose the library you wish to install and click on Open. Once installed, the library will appear on tree Installed Libraries.



#### 6.1.3 Installing Device Descriptions and Libraries via Package

The required device descriptions and libraries as well as sample programmes and application templates for the PAC120 and other PAC modules such as the PACHC are combined in a package and can be installed together. This simplifies handling considerably compared to the steps in 6.1.1 and 6.1.2.

For installation, the package manager must be available within CODESYS and must be installed from the CODE-SYS homepage if necessary.

- → Open the 'Package Manager' in the 'Tools' menu.
- → Click on 'Install'
- $\rightarrow$  Select the package file on your computer and click on Open.

The PAC120+PACHC package can be found on the product homepage

#### http://www.parker.com/PAC120



### 6.2 Creating a Project in CODESYS

New projects can be created within CODESYS as new empty project or from a project template.

#### 6.2.1 Using the Project Templates

The PAC120HC package on the Parker website for the PAC contains project templates for various applications that can be used as a starting point for your own programme development.

The templates from the PAC120HC package are displayed under File New Project.

	raries	Templates	-
	C120HC_Templates Application Basic ojects	PAC120_1xPACHC PA	C120_2xPACHC
PAC120HC	Template 1 to 2 axes		
Location	C:\Users\RB99639\Doc	uments	×

In the project template, the complete device tree consisting of one PAC120 and one PACHC (PAC120\_1xPACHC) or one PAC120 and two PACHCs (PAC120\_2xPACHC) is already included and no longer needs to be created manually. In addition, the template also adds the visualization for the PACHC set-up and trace settings to the application.



How the device tree is set up without a template and how further components can be added to it is described in the following chapter.



### 6.3 Creating a new Project

You can create a new PAC project off line with no access to the controller.

- → Launch the CODESYS software.
- → Choose "New Project".
- → Choose Standard Project and choose the location you would like to store the project. Click "OK".

CODESYS V3.5	1 New Project					×
Basic operations Project Project	Categories Libraries Projects	Templates	HMI project	Standard project	Standard project with Application Composer	

→ Choose "PAC120" as device from the device list and confirm with "OK".



→ Choose the programming language for the program module "PLC\_PRG".

Standard Project       X         You are about to create a new standard project. This wizard will create the following objects within this project:       - One programmable device as specified below         - One program PLC_PRG in the language specified below       - A program PLC_PRG in the language specified below         - A cyclic task which calls PLC_PRG       - A reference to the newest version of the Standard library currently installed.         Device:       PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX (Parker Hannifin)       Image: Continuous Function Chart (CFC)         Continuous Function Chart (CFC)       Continuous Function Chart (CFC)       - Continuous Function Chart (CFC)         Ladder Logic Diagram (LD)       Sequential Function Chart (SFC)       - Continuous Function Chart (SFC)		
	You are abou objects within - One program - A program F - A cyclic task - A reference	it to create a new standard project. This wizard will create the following n this project: mmable device as specified below PLC_PRG in the language specified below c which calls PLC_PRG to the newest version of the Standard library currently installed.
	Device:	PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX (Parker Hannifin)
	PLC_PRG in:	Structured Text (ST)
		Continuous Function Chart (CFC) Continuous Function Chart (CFC) - page-oriented Function Block Diagram (FBD) Ladder Logic Diagram (LD) Sequential Function Chart (SFC) Structured Text (ST)



After adding the device, further objects are available in the project tree.

<ul> <li>Until</li> </ul>	itled5.proje	ct* - CO	DESYS											
File	Edit Vi	ew P	roject	Build	Online	. Debug	Tools	Window	v H	elp				
1		50	, X I	<b>b</b> (2)	×   #	C.B. 🐴 🔇	<b>1</b>      1	1 71 71		*		<b>16 C</b>	Þ	 Ľ
Devices					-	ф X								
÷	Device (	PAC 120- Logic Applica	PXX01- ary Man _PRG (P c Config MainTa:	3X-XX-XX ager (RG) uration sk C_PRG	)									



### 6.3.1 Connecting with a PAC

CODESYS connects to the PAC via Ethernet. To establish a connection to the device, follow these steps:

- $\rightarrow$  Double-click on the device PAC120 in the project tree.
- → On the tab page "Communication Settings", click on "Scan Network". The network is scanned for available devices.
- → Choose "PAC120" as device. If several devices are available, you can identify your device through "Flashing". The LED Run/Stop flashes repeatedly. Subsequently confirm your selection with "OK".

GutPAC_1     GutPAC_1     GutPAC_1     PAC_120_C0-Muster_Technikum [015C]     PU3 [0085]     SPS Controller PU10/11/12 [027C]     Technikum [01D4]	Gateway-1 Driver: TCP/IP IP-Address: localhost Port: 1217	Wink
--	---	------

On the tab page "Communication Settings", the green dot at the device symbol indicates that the device was found and the computer is now connected to the PAC.

ces 👻 🕂	X Device X		
Lorded5     Lorded5     Device (PAC120 PX001-3C4XC40C)     E Device (PAC120 PX001-3C4XC40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C40C	gright period x      communication Settings      Applications      Backup and Restore      Files      Log      PLC Settings      PLC Shell      Users and Groups      Access Rights      Symbol Rights      Task Deployment      Status	network Gateway - Device - Gateway Gateway IP-Address: Icalcoalset 1217	CO72 (accus)         Device Name::         PAC_DF_BUERO         Device Address:         OV72         Device Address:         OV72         Target DD:         1629 4001         Target Vpc:         405         Target Vesion:         Target Vesion:         1,211.0

# 6.3.2 Configuring the EtherCAT Master Task

The EtherCAT Master Task is created automatically by the PAC device description and the program call EtherCAT\_Master.EtherCAT\_Task is inserted.

This task should always have top priority. By default priority is 0.

The cyclic interval must be adapted to the performance of the connected components. The minimum cycle time for the EtherCAT is 0.5 ms.



#### 6.3.3 Setting up EtherCAT Master

Append the "EtherCAT Master" device to PAC120. Double-click to configure it. Go to the general settings and enter "eth1" as the interface.

AutoconfigMaster/Slave	is .		Ether CAT
EtherCAT NIC Setting —			
Destination Address (MAC)	FF-FF-FF-FF-FF	🔽 Broadcast	Enable Redundancy
Source Address (MAC)	00-E0-BA-70-76-8A	Browse	
Network Name	eth1		
Select Network by MAC	Select Netwo	ork by Name	

Now append the PAC120 BusCoupler (Internal E-Bus) to the EtherCAT Master. The device is the starting point of appending all further Parker PACIO EtherCAT series modules, e.g. PAC DI16/DO16.

	Devices	tree	with	EtherCAT
--	---------	------	------	----------

🖻 🔟 Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )
E II PLC Logic
🗄 🚫 Application
EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)
PAC120_BusCoupler (PAC120 BusCoupler)
🚊 🚮 Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_PACHC_460_01_ (Hydraulic Controller Parker drives (PACHC-460-01))
Parker_HydraulicControl_1 (Parker_HydraulicControl_1)
Parker_HydraulicControl_2 (Parker_HydraulicControl_2)

If an external EtherCAT device is to be used, the PACIO 400-02 extender module is attached to the EtherCAT Master. Subsequently, the external EtherCAT device can be attached to Out1 or Out2 of the extender module.

PAC120_EtherCAT_extern
🖻 🕤 Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )
🖼 🗐 PLC Logic
SoftMotion General Axis Pool (SoftMotion General Axis Pool)
🖻 🔐 EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)
PAC120_BusCoupler (PAC120 BusCoupler)
🖹 📲 PACIO_Extender_2_Port (Extender 2 Port (PACIO-400-02))
🖶 🏅 Out1
PSD1M_Single (PSD1M 1 Axis DS402)
No_Acyclic_Parameter_Access (NO_APA)
mAxis1 (PSD 1M_A1)
SM3_Drive_ETC_Parker_PSD_1 (SM3_Drive_ETC_Parker_PS
🟅 Out2

#### PAC120 and CODESYS

PAC120 supports several ways to capture and process signals. These can be provided locally as well as via different bus systems. To do so, append the corresponding devices to the devices tree by clicking with the right mouse button on "Device (PAC120)" and selecting "Append device" in the context menu.



### 6.3.4 Adding PACHC or PACIO (online)

Connected EtherCAT components are recognized automatically by PAC120. For this, the PAC must be connected to the computer (-> see "Connecting with a PAC").

- → Click with the right mouse button on "EtherCAT Master".
- → Search device

File Edit View	Project	Build Online Debug To	iols Window Help 비 위 위 계 대급 (함) 전	. (∰   ¢; ¢¢) → • • ¢( ()= ∞ •	t∎ + I \$   ¢   ∰	₩'  <sup>®</sup> 2		
Devices		+ ₽ X	Device x					
PAC120HC_LbTest     PAC120HC_LbTest     Device [con         t ]]     PLC Logic     PLC Logic	nected]	(PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )	Communication Settings	Scan network   Gateway - De	evice +			
EtherC	T.Mac	er SoftMotion (EtherCAT Master)	Applications					
	* ***	Cut Copy Paste	skup and Restore					
	1	Delete			Gatewa	ay		
		Refactoring	• T	G	iateway-1	-	[00C8] (active)	
	6	Properties	Settings	IP	-Address:		Device Name:	
	1	Add Object	Shell	lo Pc	calhost ort:		PAC_DF_BUER0 Device Address:	
	-	Add Device	ers and Groups	12	217		00C8	
		Insert Device					Target ID: 1629 4001	
		Scan For Devices	less Rights				Terest Teres	
		Disable Device	nbol Rights				4096	
	Ľ,	Edit Object Edit Object With	k Deployment				Target Vendor: Parker Hannifin Corporation Elect	romechanica
		Edit IO mapping	tus				Target Version: 1.21.1.0	

→ A list with connected EtherCAT Slaves is displayed. If a slave is missing, make sure that it is connected and supplied with power. Click for a new scan again on "Device Scan".

PAC120HC_LibTest.project - CO	DESYS			
File Edit View Project	Build Online Debug To	ols Window Help		
1 📽 🖬 🚳 In a 🐰 🖬	🖻 🗙   🗛 🍪 🐴 🕍   🖩	1 1 1 1 1 G G B	1 I CS CS	■ ペ (目 fill fill fill fill fill fill fill fil
vices	• # X	Device X		
PAC120HC_LibTest  PAC120HC_LibTest  Device [connected] (PA	C120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )	Communication Settings	Scan network	Gateway - Device -
De Coge     D	SoftMotion (EtherCAT Master)	Applications		
	C	Rackun and Pertore	-	17
	S	can Devices	1	and the second s
		Scanned Devices		
		Devicename		Devicetype
		B PACIO_Buscoupler		PAC120 BusCoupler
		Hydraulic_Controller_I	PACHC_460_01_	Hydraulic Controller Parker drives (PACHC-460-01) (0.0.0.4)



→ As soon as the list is completed, click on "Copy all devices to the project" and the PACIO will be displayed in your project tree under "PAC120\_BusCoupler". If there are several device descriptions available for one device, the desired device description must be selected before.

Devices 👻	ą	×
🗏 🎒 Untitled 1		-
🖻 - 🛐 Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )		22.28
🗐 🗐 PLC Logic		
😑 🚫 Application		
📲 🚹 Library Manager		
PLC_PRG (PRG)		
😑 🎉 Task Configuration		
EtherCAT_Task		
🖃 🍪 MainTask		
PLC_PRG		
EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)		
😑 🚮 PAC120_BusCoupler (PAC120 BusCoupler)		
🖹 🚮 Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_PACHC_460_01 (Hydraulic Controller Parker drives (PACHC-46	60-01	1))
Parker_HydraulicControl_1 (Parker_HydraulicControl_1)		
Parker_HydraulicControl_2 (Parker_HydraulicControl_2)		

→ If a "PACHC\_xxx" is added, two axes with the name "Parker\_xxx" are created and inserted into the device tree below the device. If you click with the right mouse button on the axes and select "Rename", you can change the names. These axis names are used in the application program as reference for the function blocks and for accessing to axis objects.



#### 6.3.5 Adding PACHC or PACIO (offline)

EtherCAT devices can also be added offline.

- · Click with the right mouse button on "EtherCAT Master"
- Select option "Add Device".
- Select the desired device.

The device will be added to the project tree and the required libraries will be installed.

As soon as you have configured the PAC120 as EtherCAT Master, you can add your PACHC and PACIO modules without Ethernet connection to the PAC. They will be added as EtherCAT Slaves under "PAC120\_BusCoupler".

→ Click with the right mouse button on "PAC120\_BusCoupler" and select "Add Device".



→ Select Parker Hannifin as vendor and choose the PACHC or PACIO Slave Module which matches with the hardware in your system. Then click "Add Device".

Append	device 🔿 Insert device 🔿 Plug device 🔿 Upc	te device	
Device:			
endor:	Parker Hannifin		
Name		Vendor	
	A04 VDC/mA 12 Bit (PACIO-442-02)	Parker Hannifin	
	Counter/Enc2 5V (PACIO-454-01)	Parker Hannifin	
	DI16 1ms (PACIO-451-03)	Parker Hannifin	
	DI16/D016 1ms 0.5A (PACIO-450-03)	Parker Hannifin	
	DI16/D08 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02)	Parker Hannifin	
Group b     Display     formation     Nan	outdated versions t te: D115/DOB 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02)		
Group b Display nformation Nam Ven Cat Ver Ord	oy category outdated versions : ne: D116/DO8 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02) dor: Parker Hannifin gorries: Slave gorries: Slave sion: Revision = 16#0000001 i er Number:		<u></u>
Group b Display formation Ven Cat Ver Ord Des	outdated versions : ene:D116/D08 Ims 1.0A (PACIO-450-02) dor: Parker Hannifin egories: Slave sion: Revision = 16 #00000001 er Number: cription: EtherCAT Slave imported from Slave XML: P	rkerEtherCATModules.xml Device: DI 16/DO8 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02)	×.
Group b Display formation Nan Ven Cat Ver Ord Des	outdated versions e me: D116/DOB Ims 1.0A (PACIO-450-02) dior: Parker Hamifin egories: Slave sion: Revision - 16#0000001 er Number: cription: EtherCAT Slave imported from Slave XML: P	rkerEtherCATModules.xml Device: DI 16/D08 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02)	Sec.
Group b Display formation Ven Cat Ver Ord Des	outdated versions : : : : : : : : : : : : :	rkerEtherCATModules.xml Device: DI16/DO8 1ms 1.0A (PACIO-450-02)	₩¢



→ The new module shows up on the list. If required, you can add more PACHC or PACIO modules by repeating the steps described above.



→ If a "PACHC\_xxx" is added, two axes with the name "Parker\_xxx" are created and inserted into the device tree below the device. If you click with the right mouse button on the axes and select "Rename", you can change the names. These axis names are used in the application program as reference for the function blocks and for accessing to axis objects.

# 6.3.6 Mapping the PACIO

After you have assigned the PACIO module to the project, the next step is to assign the I/O points.

- $\rightarrow$  Double-click on "PACIO Module Nodes" in the device tree.
- → Then click on the tab "EtherCAT I/O Mapping". This will open the I/O mapping dialogue which contains a table with all I/O points.

ave Process Data EtherCA	T I/O Mapping	Status Informatio	n				
Channels							
Variable	Mapping	Channel	Address	Туре	Unit	Description	
MyOutput	***	DigitalOutput0	%QX0.0	BIT		DigitalOutput0	
MyOutput1	. ***	DigitalOutput1	%QX0.1	BIT		DigitalOutput1	
<b>K</b> ø		DigitalOutput2	%QX0.2	BIT		DigitalOutput2	
***		DigitalOutput3	%QX0.3	BIT		DigitalOutput3	
		DigitalOutput4	%QX0.4	BIT		DigitalOutput4	
<b>F</b>		DigitalOutput5	%QX0.5	BIT		DigitalOutput5	
		DigitalOutput6	%QX0.6	BIT		DigitalOutput6	
		DigitalOutput7	%QX0.7	BIT		DigitalOutput7	
***		DigitalOutput8	%QX1.0	BIT		DigitalOutput8	
50		DigitalOutput9	%QX1.1	BIT		DigitalOutput9	
***		DigitalOutput10	%QX1.2	BIT		DigitalOutput10	
**		DigitalOutput11	%QX1.3	BIT		DigitalOutput11	
**		DigitalOutput12	%QX1.4	BIT		DigitalOutput12	
🍫		DigitalOutput13	%QX1.5	BIT		DigitalOutput13	
***		DigitalOutput14	%QX1.6	BIT		DigitalOutput14	
🍫		DigitalOutput15	%QX1.7	BIT		DigitalOutput15	
MyInput	*	DigitalInput0	%IX0.0	BIT		DigitalInput0	
igitalOutput1			Reset map	ping	Alwa	ys update variables	
EC Objects							
Variable	Mapping	Туре					
Ø PACIO_DI16_D016	***	ETCSlave					

→ Double-click on the desired I/O point in the "Variable" column and name it. Note: Variables created this way are global for the project.

The I/O point can now be accessed in any POU through the variable name.



#### 6.3.7 CANopen Master

Attach the CAN-Bus device to the PAC120. For configuration double click on the device. Set the desired baud rate in the general settings. The Network setting remains at 0:

General	General		
Log	Network	0	CAN
CANbus Parameters	Baud rate (kbit/s)	1000 ~	
CANbus IEC Objects			
Status			

Then attach the CANopen\_Manager device to the CAN bus. The settings of this device depend on the following devices and must be adapted to them if necessary.

General	General
Common.CANbus Parameters	Node-ID 127 Check and Fix Configuration
Log	Autostart CANopen Manager 🛛 Polling of optional slaves
CANopen I/O Mapping	Start slaves NMT error behavior Restart Slave 🗸
CANopen IEC Objects	MMT start all (if possible) Guarding
Status	Enable heartbeat producing
Information	Node-ID 127
	Producer time (ms) 200
	▷ SYNC

Now connect the desired CANopen slaves to the CANopen\_Manager. For the configuration of the slaves, please refer to the instructions of the slave manufacturer.

General	General	44 H 1973 T
PDOs	Node-ID 1	CANopen
SDOs	Enable expert settings	
Log	Enable SYNC producing	
CANopen Parameter	rs D Guarding	
CANopen I/O Mapp	ing D Checks at Startup	
CANopen IEC Object	ts	
Status		
Information		k
Device tree with CAN	lopen bus	
	PAC120_CANopen	
	E E LC Logic	
	EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)	
	CANbus (CANbus)	
	CANopen_Manager (CANopen_Manage	er)



÷

#### Modbus RTU Master

Attach the Modbus COM Port device to the PAC120. Double click on the device to configure it. Set the COM port (1) in the general settings. The other settings such as baud rate, parity as well as data and stop bits of this device depend on the following devices and must be adapted to them if necessary.

SerialPort Parameters	COM port	1
Senar of Falameters	Baud rate	9600 ~
Status	Parity	EVEN ~
Information	Data bits	8
	Stop bits	1

Then connect a Modbus RTU master. This configuration also depends on the subsequent devices and may have to be adapted to them.

General	Modbus RTU/ASCII		
ModbusGenericSerialMaster I/O Mapping	Transmission mode	● RTU ○ ASCII	MODBUS
ModbusGenericSerialMaster IEC Objects	Response timeout (ms)	1000	
Modbus Generic Serial Master Parameters	Time between frames (ms)	 on	
Status			

Now connect the desired Modbus RTU slaves to the Modbus RTU master. For the configuration of the slaves, please refer to the instructions of the slave manufacturer.

General	Modbus RTU/ASCII		MODRIS
Modbus Slave Channel	Slave address [1247]	1	MODDOG
Modbus Slave Init	Response timeout [ms]	1000	
ModbusGenericSerialSlave Parameters			
ModbusGenericSerialSlave IEC Objects			
Status			

Device tree with Modbus RTU

PAC120_ModbusRTU
🖻 🚮 Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )
🖻 🗐 PLC Logic
🕒 🔟 EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)
🖮 📺 Modbus_COM (Modbus COM)
🖹 👘 Modbus_Master_COM_Port (Modbus Master, COM Port)
Modbus_Slave_COM_Port (Modbus Slave, COM Port)



#### Modbus TCP Master

Attach the Ethernet device to the PAC120. Double click on the device to configure it. Set the network interface (eth0) in the general settings. If there is a connection to the controller, use the button and select the interface eth0. The IP address as well as the subnet mask and standard/gateway are then taken over by the controller.

General	Network interface	eth0	
Log	IP address	192 . 168 . 0 . 79	
Ethernet Device Parameters	Subnet mask	255 . 255 . 255 . 0	
Status	Default gateway	0 . 0 . 0 . 0	
Ethernet Device I/O Mapping	13		
Ethernet Device IEC Objects			

Then connect a Modbus TCP master. The settings of this device depend on the following devices and must be adapted to them if necessary.

Modbus_TCP_Master X	
General	Modbus TCP
ModbusTCPMaster I/O Mapping	Response timeout (ms) 1000 🚖
ModbusTCPMaster IEC Objects	Socket timeout (ms) 10
ModbusTCPMasterParameters	
Log	

Now connect the desired Modbus TCP slaves to the Modbus TCP master. For the configuration of the slaves, please refer to the instructions of the slave manufacturer.

General	Modbus TCP	
Modbus Slave Channel	Slave IP address	192 . 168 . 0 . 1
Modbus Slave Init	Response timeout (ms)	1000
ModbusTCPSlave Parameters	Port	502
ModbusTCPSlave IEC Objects		

# Device tree with Modbus TCP

PAC120_ModbusTCP	
🖮 🔟 Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )	
I III PLC Logic	
🐵 🚰 EtherCAT_Master (EtherCAT Master)	
Ethernet (Ethernet)	
🚽 🕤 Modbus_TCP_Master (Modbus TCP Master)	
Modbus TCP Slave (Modbus TCP Slave)	



#### 6.4 Downloading Projects

#### 6.4.1 Downloading Configuration and Program

After you have completed your project and it is ready to download to PAC120, proceed as follows. Please note that the program will be translated and subsequently downloaded and saved on PAC120 if it is error-free. Only the executable program is saved but not the CODESYS project with the source code.

→ To download the project, select the Login icon on the toolbar or via the menu "Online -> Log in".

File Edit View Project Build Online Debug Tools Window Help		
1911日日 - 19111日日 - 1911日日 - 1911日 - 1911日 - 19111日 - 19111日 - 19111日 - 19111日 - 19111日 - 19111日 - 191111日 - 191111111111	■ 🕊   (= ~= ~= *= 8	◇      ☴   🎝
Devices 🚽 🕇 🗙	Device X 🖬 EtherC	AT_Master
I Untitled6		
Device (PAC120-PXX01-3X-XX-XX )	Communication Settings	Scan network Gateway   Device
I III PLC Logic		
= O Application	Applications	
1 Library Manager	Backup and Pestore	
DLC_PRG (PRG)	buckup und Restore	
In the second se	Files	•
EtherCAT_Task		
□ 🐨 MainTask	Log	
PLC_PRG		Gateway-1
EUTERCAT_Master (EUTERCAT Master)	PLC Settings	IP-Address:
FAC120_bdsCodpier (AC120 bdsCodpier)	PLC Shell	To carrosc
Hydraulic Controller Parker drives PACHC 460 01 1 (Hydraulic Controller Parker drives (PACHC-460	TEC SIGN	Port
Hydraulic Controller Parker drives PACHC 460 01 2 (Hydraulic Controller Parker drives (PACHC 46)	Users and Groups	1217
	Access Diabte	

→ If the computer was not connected to PAC120 afterwards, you may be prompted to select an active path. To have the PAC automatically scan, select "Yes". To open the Communication Settings page and select PAC120 manually, select "No".



→ If there is a project already on PAC120 and you want to replace it with this application, click "Yes".



→ If you are downloading the project the first time to PAC120 without a project, it may appear the following pop up window. To download the project to PAC120, click "Yes".





#### 6.4.2 Updating the Application Program

CODESYS basically offers you two options for transferring a changed application to the controller: download and online change.

A download leads to a new translation of the application. In addition to a syntax check, application code is also generated and loaded onto the control. This leads to a stop of the running programme. A download is the recommended type of data transfer, since a defined output state is always created due to the programme stop and reinitialization.

With an online change, only the changed parts are reloaded into the controller. A running programme is not stopped in the process. Only carry out an online change for small changes to the application. With extensive changes, the behavior of a programme cannot be predicted with certainty.

#### 6.4.3 Downloading CODESYS Projects

To download the CODESYS project itself to PAC120, proceed as follows.

→ For downloading the source file, select "Download Source Code" in CODESYS.



→ Select "PAC120" under the Gateway as the device for the download. If PAC120 does not show up under the Gateway, select "Scan network" to locate PAC120. Select "OK" to download the project.

Gateway-1           Image: PAC_DDF_BUER0 [0072]           Image: PAC_120_C0-Muster_Technikum [015C]           Image: PU21 [0097]           Image: PU21 [0097] </th <th>Gateway-1 Driver: TCP/IP IP-Address: localhost Port: 1217</th> <th>Add gateway Add device Delete Scan network Wink</th>	Gateway-1 Driver: TCP/IP IP-Address: localhost Port: 1217	Add gateway Add device Delete Scan network Wink
--	---	---



### 6.5 Uploading Projects

To upload a project from a connected PAC120, proceed as follows.

→ Select "File -> Source Upload" in CODESYS.

File	Edit View Project	Build Online	Debug	Tools	Window	Help
1	New Project	Ctrl-	+N	1	IN IN	·
2	Open Project	Ctrl-	+0			
	Close Project					
	Save Project	Ctrl	+S			
	Save Project As					
	Project Archive		•			
	Source Upload		N			
	Source Download		10			

→ Select "PAC120" on the Gateway as device for the upload. If PAC120 does not show up under the Gateway, select "Scan network" to locate PAC120. Select "OK" to download the project.

Image: Pac_DF_BUER0 [0072]         Gateway-1           Image: Pac_DF_BUER0 [0072]         Pac_DF_BUER0 [0072]           Image: Pac_DF_BUER0 [0072]	🚽 🙀 🖕 Gateway-1	Device Name:	Add gateway.
Image: Product (0097)         TCP/IP         Delete           Image: Product (0097)         PU3 (0085)         IP-Address:         Iocalhost         Scan nets           Image: Spice (0000)         Spice (0000)         Image: Public (0000)         Image: Pu	PAC_DF_BUERO [0072]	Gateway-1 Driver:	Add device
Iff PU3 [0085]     IP-Address:       SpS Controller PU10/11/12 [027C]     Isocalhost	PU21 [0097]	TCP/IP	Delete
	<ul> <li>PU3 [00B5]</li> <li>SPS Controller PU10/11/12 [027C]</li> </ul>	IP-Address: localhost	Scan network
Image: Second kum [01D4]   Port:   Wink     1217   1217	Technikum [01D4]	Port: 1217	Wink

→ Choose the folder location on your computer where you would like to extract and save the source files. Then click on "Extract". Your project and source files are now saved on your computer.

	oject Archive	
Location	IS	
Extra	act into the same folder where the archive is located	
● Extra	act into the following folder	
C:\L	Jsers\tv11439\Documents	
Content	ts Comment	

→ If you would like to open the project, click "Yes". Your project and source files are now opened in CODESYS.





# 6.6 PAC120 and CODESYS V3.5

PAC120 features an internal digital input which you may use as a simple digital (status) input or as an interrupt input.

#### 6.6.1 Digital Input

Object "Onboard IO" for using the digital input of PAC120 is automatically added to the device tree when you create a project in CODESYS. Double-clicking on the object displays the configuration screen. Check tab "Parker:Internal I/O Map" for the address of the digital input. This tab also lets you do or create the mapping.

	The survey of th
s Window Help	
1 개 개  읍  箇→ []	🕮   😋 🕬 🔸 🔳 🤻   (j= 4= 4= 4
Device Onboa	rd_10 ×
Internal Parameters	Find
Internal I/O Mapping	Variable Map
Status	
Information	
	s Window Help



### 6.6.2 Interrupt Input

To process fast signals, the digital input can also be configured as an event input. Activate this under "Internal Parameter".

NOTE
If the input is to be used as an event input, the library "PKR_PAC120_OnboardIO" must be added in the library manager.
The second s

Internal Parameter	Parameter	Тур	Wert	Standardwert
Internal E/A-Abbild	Event Settings			
	Onboard Input Event	Enumeration of BOOL	On 🔻	Off
Status			Off	
			On	

Then a system event of the type "IrqIO" must be defined in the task configuration.

Add Event Handler 🗶 R	emove Event Handler   🔀 Event Info 📄 Open Ev	ent Function
lame	Description	
Add Event Handler		×
Event	IrqIO	~
Function to call	FastInputEvent	
Scope	Application     O POUs	
Implementation language	Structured Text (ST)	~
Description	Irq IO on Parker Hannifin PAC120	
	ОК С	ancel

The function to be called is automatically created in the project tree. The reaction to the input signal can be programmed here.



### 6.7 ProfiNet Communication (PAC120-xxP01-3X-xx-xx only)

The PAC120 has a flexible mapping and supports acyclic data communication. Suitable function blocks for the Siemens Tia portal are available, which will simplify communication with a S7 PLC. These files can be found on the PAC120 webpage.

The address range for the input and output data for synchronous communication is 256 bytes each. It is divided into the data types INT, DINT and REAL as follows:

- 32x INT
- 16x DINT and
- 32x REAL

### PAC120

For the communication via Fieldbus, the function block Fieldbus\_Init must be called in the application program. The function block is part of the system library PKR\_PAC120\_System of the PAC120.

### **Cyclic communication**

The values to be sent to the machine PLC need to be assigned to the send arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[x] with x: 0 31

according to their data type.

The values to be received from the machine PLC can be read from the receive arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Real32[x] with x: 0 31

depending on their data type.

#### Acyclic communication

Acyclic data can be exchanged via pre-defined objects. To the following objects the machine PLC has read and write access:

- 200x INT,
- 200x UINT,
- 200x DINT,
- 200x UDINT,
- 200x DINT,
- 200x REAL,
- 20x STRING[63]
- The data can be written or read from the following arrays:
- Fieldbus AsyncData.Int16[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.UInt16[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.Int32[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus AsyncData.UInt32[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.Real32[x] with x: 0 199 and
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.String[x] with x: 0 19



### Example

The following example shows an exemplary data exchange for the values of a connected PACHC controller module: CFC:





	WORD_TO_INT	
StatusWord		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxVelActualValueFiltered	<u> </u>	Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePB		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxErrorCode		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0]

Fieldbus_AsyncData.Int32[0]	TargetAcceleration	
Fieldbus_AsyncData.Int32[1]	TargetDeceleration	
Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_PACH	Fieldbus_AsyncData.Real32[0]	

#### ST

```
2
     // Fieldbus initialization
 3
    Fieldbus_Init_0();
 4
5
6
    // Read data from PLC
    ControlWord := INT TO WORD (Fieldbus SyncDataReceive.Int16[0]);
 7
8
    TargetPosition := Fieldbus SyncDataReceive.Real32[0];
9
    TargetSpeed := Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.Real32[1];
10
11
     // Send data to PLC
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0] := WORD_TO_INT(StatusWord);
13
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0] := Parker HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue;
    Fieldbus SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1] := Parker HydraulicControl 1.TxVelActualValueFiltered;
14
15
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA;
16
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePB;
17
    Fieldbus SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0] := Parker HydraulicControl 1.TxErrorCode;
18
    // Acyclic data
19
20
     // Read data
21
    TargetAcceleration := Fieldbus_AsyncData.Int32[0];
22
    TargetDeceleration := Fieldbus_AsyncData.Int32[1];
23
24
     // Prepare data for request
    Fieldbus_AsyncData.Real32[0] := Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_PACHC_460_01.DeviceTemperatur
25
```



# **S**7

# Cyclic communication

For cyclic communication with the PAC120 the communication objects for data transmit and data receive must be defined and mapped to a variable table NAME.

The transmit data from the PAC120 must be assigned to the OUT-variables of the function block according to the data type:

- Sync\_GVAR\_OUT\_INT[x] with x: 0 31,
- Sync\_GVAR\_OUT\_DINT[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Sync\_GVAR\_OUT\_REAL[x] with x: 0 31

The receive data from the PAC120 must be assigned to the IN-variables of the function block according to the data type:

- Sync\_GVAR\_IN\_INT[x] with x: 0 31,
- Sync\_GVAR\_IN\_DINT[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Sync\_GVAR\_IN\_REAL[x] with x: 0 31

The IN- and OUT-variables have to be connected with the data type to "physical" address I/O word (%Q, %I) space of the PAC120 as shown in the following picture (in red OUTPUT in green INPUT):



S	S7_PAC120_Profinet								
		Name	Data type	Address 🔺	Retain				
1	-	Sync_GVAR_IN_INT	VAR_IN_INT	%168.0					
2	-00	Sync_GVAR_IN_DINT	VAR_IN_DINT	%1132.0					
3		Sync_GVAR_IN_REAL	"VAR_IN_REAL"	%1196.0					
4	-00	Sync_GVAR_OUT_INT	"VAR_OUT_INT"	%Q64.0					
5	-00	Sync_GVAR_OUT_DINT	"VAR_OUT_DINT"	%Q128.0					
6	-00	Sync_GVAR_OUT_REAL	"VAR_OUT_REAL"	%Q192.0					
7	-00	Async_All_Par_Read_Done	Bool	%M2.1					
8	-00	Async_All_Par_Write_Done	Bool	%M2.2					
9	-00	Async_Counter_Read	Int	%MW10					
10	-00	Async_Counter_Write	Int	%MW12					
11	-00	Async_Offset_Read	Int	%MW18					
12	-00	Async_Offset_Write	Int	%MW22					
13	-00	Async_Record_Read_Str	DWord	%MD30					
14	-00	Async_Record_Read_Dw	DWord	%MD50					
15	-00	Async_Record_Read_W	Word	%MW54					
16	-00	Async_Record_Write_Dw	DWord	%MD60					
17	-00	Async_Record_Write_W	Word	%MW64					
18	-00	Async_Record_Write_Str	DWord	%MD70					
19	-00	Async_Support_Value_Read_Int	Int	%MW80					
20	-m	Async Support Value Read Dint	DWord	%MD90					



To simplify the communication, you can use the function block PAC120\_Profinet\_Synchron\_DB. In this block all functions to connect to the table variables IN/OUT (e.g. swap and data conversions) are included.

If the mapped variable in the table NAME is updated the new value only will be send directly by the next call of the function block. Therefore, the function block should be executed in every PLC cycle to transmit and receive the complete table.

### Acyclic communication

The acyclic communication is handled by Standard Function Blocks by Siemens "RDREC" and "WRREC" (for more info please check Siemens PLC Manual).

In addition to that Parker provides the function block PAC120\_Profinet\_Asyncron\_DB to send and receive parameters in which all data conversions and error handling is implemented. It uses the two Data Blocks Asynchron\_Read\_ DB and Asynchron\_write\_DB for the data handling. All parameters to be sent and received must be configured in these data blocks according to this legend:

- 1. INT is the data type (1: integer, 2: Dint, 3: Real, 4: String)
- 2. INT is the ID:
  - ID: 100 + x for Int16[x], with x: 0 199
  - ID: 500 + x for Int32[x], with x: 0 199,
  - ID: 900 + x for Real32[x], with x: 0 199,
  - ID: 1100 + x for Strings[x], with x: 0 19
- 3. INT, DINT or REAL value to be sent to or received from NET.

After the configuration the PAC120\_Profinet\_Asyncron\_DB can be used in the program. The function block needs the following inputs:

- ID Hardware (HWID Value, used by standard block Siemens)
- Number of parameters to read (INT value)
- Number of parameters to write (INT value)
- Number of data block with Parameters to read (INT value)
- Number of data block with Parameters to write (INT value))

and provides the following outputs:

- Number of read parameter in the Data Block read (INT Value)
- Number of written parameters in the Data Block write (INT Value)
- ID error/info for read procedure (INT Value) directly read from Siemens FB "RDREC"
- ID error/info for write procedure (INT Value) directly read from Siemens FB "WRREC"
- All parameters to read have been read successfully (Bool Value)
- All parameters to write have been written successfully (Bool Value)



# Example

The following screen shots show the communication of a PAC120 with a PACHC controller module according to the example from the chapter before.

### **Cyclic communication**

Network 1: Variable write by Syncro			
Comment			
<pre>1 "Target_Position" := 100.23; 2 "Target_Speed" := 1001.12; 3 "Syncro_IO".OUT_INT[0] := "Control_Wordl"; 4 "Syncro_IO".OUT_REAL[0] := "Target_Position"; 5 "Syncro_IO".OUT_REAL[1] := "Target_Speed";</pre>	<pre>"Target_Position" "Target_Speed" "Syncro_IO".OUT_INT[0] "Syncro_IO".OUT_REAL[0] "Syncro_IO".OUT_REAL[1]</pre>	\$MD402 \$MD406	100.23 1001.12 0 100.23 1001.12
Network 2: Call Profinet Syncron FB			
Comment			
*DB3 *PGC120_ Profiner_ Syncro_DB' *Syncro_IO'. OUT_INT VAR_OUT_INT VAR_IN_INT 'Syncro_IO'.IN_ OUT_DINT VAR_OUT_DINT VAR_IN_DINT 'Syncro_IO'.IN_ *Syncro_IO'. OUT_REAL VAR_OUT_REAL VAR_IN_REAL 'Syncro_IO'.IN_ VAR_OUT_REAL VAR_IN_REAL 'Syncro_IO'.IN_			
Comment			
<pre>1 "Status_Wordl" := "Syncro_IO".IN_INT[0]; 2 "Actual_Position":="Syncro_IO".IN_REAL[0]; 3 "Actual_Speed" := "Syncro_IO".IN_REAL[1]; 4 "Actual_Pressure_pA" := "Syncro_IO".IN_REAL[2]; 5 "Actual_Pressure_pB" := "Syncro_IO".IN_REAL[3]; 6 "Error ID" := "Syncro IO".IN_DINT[0];</pre>	<pre>&gt; "Status_Word1" &gt; "Syncro_IO".IN_INT[0] &gt; "Actual_Speed" &gt; "Actual_Pressure_pA" &gt; "Actual_Pressure_pB" &gt; "Error ID"</pre>	%MW198 %MD223 %MD215 %MD219 %MD202	0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0

#### Acyclic communication

Before calling up the Parker function block, the configuration for the read parameters with the data block Asynchron\_ Read\_DB is done.

In this example Int16[1], Int32[1], Real32[1] and String[1] are configured for reading.

	Asyncron_Read_DB (snapshot created: 12/9/2019 2:32:21 PM)									
-	Name		2	Data type Offset Snap		Snapshot	Comment			
1	-	▼ S	tatic							
2	-00	•	Type_1	Int	0.0	1	INT_16			
3	-00	•	Index_1	Int	2.0	101				
4		•	Value_1	Int	4.0	11				
5	-	•	Dummy	Int	6.0	0				
6	-	•	Type_2	Int	8.0	2	INT_32			
7	-00	•	Index_2	Int	10.0	501				
8	-	•	Value_2	Dint	12.0	21				
9	-	•	Type_3	Int	16.0	3	REAL			
10	-	•	Index_3	Int	18.0	901				
11	-00	•	Value_3	Real	20.0	33.22				
12	-00	•	Type_4	Int	24.0	4	String (only Two Char)			
13	-00	•	Index_4	Int	26.0	1101				
14	-	•	Value_4	DWord	28.0	16#4B4F_0000	"ко"			



In this example Int16[0], Int32[0], Real32[0] and String[0] are configured for writing.

Asyncron_Write_DB								
		Name		Data type	Offset	Start value	Setpoint	Comment
1	-00	•	Static					
2	-00	•	Туре_1	Int 🔳	0.0	1		INT_16
З	-00	•	Index_1	Int	2.0	100		
4	-00	•	Value_1	Int	4.0	1000		
5	-00	•	Dummy	Int	6.0	0		
6	-00	•	Type_2	Int	8.0	2		INT_32
7	-00	•	Index_2	Int	10.0	500		
8	-00	•	Value_2	DInt	12.0	1200		
9	-00	•	Туре_3	Int	16.0	3		REAL
10	-00	•	Index_3	Int	18.0	900		
11	-00	•	Value_3	Real	20.0	11.11		
12	-00	•	Type_4	Word	24.0	4		String (Only two char)
13	-00	•	Index_4	Word	26.0	1100		
14	-00	•	Value_4	String	28.0	'ON'		



In this example the Hardware ID is 0x0115 and the number of parameters to send is 7 (equal to the number parameters in the data block). The number of the read DB is 105 and of the write DB is 106. The outputs show that two parameters have been read and one has been written to the PAC120.


## 6.8 EtherCAT-Slave communication (only PAC120-xxT01-3X-xx-xx)

The PAC120 has flexible mapping and supports acyclic communication via CoE. The address range for the input and output data for synchronous communication is 256 bytes each. It is divided into the data types INT, DINT and REAL as follows:

- 32x INT
- 16x DINT and
- 2x REAL

## PAC120

For the communication via EtherCAT, the function block Fieldbus\_Init must be called in the application program. The function block is part of the system library PKR\_PAC120\_System of the PAC120.

## Cyclic communication

The values to be sent to the machine PLC need to be assigned to the send arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[x] with x: 0 31

according to their data type.

The values to be received from the machine PLC can be read from the receive arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Real32[x] with x: 0 31

according to their data type.

## Acyclic communication

Acyclic data can be exchanged via pre-defined objects. To the following objects the machine PLC has read and write access:

- 200x INT,
- 200x UINT,
- 200x DINT,
- 200x UDINT,
- 200x DINT,
- 200x REAL,
- 20x STRING[63]

The data can be written or read from the following arrays:

- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.Int16[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.UInt16[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.Int32[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.UInt32[x] with x: 0 199,
- Fieldbus AsyncData.Real32[x] with x: 0 199 and
- Fieldbus\_AsyncData.String[x] with x: 0 19

The acyclic data can be written or read by the EtherCAT master via the following objects:

- Int16: Index 16#2100, Subindex 16#01 16#C8
- UInt16: Index 16#2101, Subindex 16#01 16#C8
- Int32: Index 16#2102, Subindex 16#01 16#C8
- UInt32: Index 16#2103, Subindex 16#01 16#C8
- Real32: Index 16#2104, Subindex 16#01 16#C8
- String: Index 16#2105, Subindex 16#01 16#14



### Example

The following example shows an exemplary data exchange for the values of a connected PACHC control module: CFC:





	WORD_TO_INT	
StatusWord	(True	Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxVelActualValueFilt	tered	Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePB		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxErrorCode		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0]

Fieldbus AsyncData.Int32[0]	(	 TargetAcceleration	
Fieldbus AsyncData.Int32[1]		 TargetDeceleration	
Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_I	ACHC_460_01.DeviceTemperatur	Fieldbus_AsyncData.Real32	2[0]

#### ST

```
2
     // Fieldbus initialization
 3
     Fieldbus_Init_0();
 4
5
 6
     // Read data from PLC
 7
     ControlWord := INT TO WORD (Fieldbus SyncDataReceive.Int16[0]);
8
     TargetPosition := Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.Real32[0];
9
     TargetSpeed := Fieldbus SyncDataReceive.Real32[1];
10
11
     // Send data to PLC
     Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0] := WORD_TO_INT(StatusWord);
13
     Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue;
     Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxVelActualValueFiltered;
Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA;
14
15
16
     Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePB;
17
     Fieldbus SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0] := Parker HydraulicControl 1.TxErrorCode;
18
19
     // Acyclic data
20
     // Read data
21
     TargetAcceleration := Fieldbus AsyncData.Int32[0];
22
     TargetDeceleration := Fieldbus_AsyncData.Int32[1];
23
24
     // Prepare data for request
25
     Fieldbus_AsyncData.Real32[0] := Hydraulic_Controller_Parker_drives_PACHC_460_01.DeviceTemperatur
```



#### 6.9 EtherNet/IP-Slave communication (PAC120-xxE01-3X-xx-xx only)

The PAC120 has a flexible mapping that can be configured directly in the device tree. For this purpose, the components

- · Ethernet adapter
- EtherNet/IP → Ethernet adapter
- 2x EtherNet/IP → Ethernet adapter → EtherNet/IP-modules Parker Hannifin

must be inserted into the device tree.

Ethernet (Ethernet)
 EtherNet\_IP\_Adapter (EtherNet/IP Adapter)
 EtherNet\_IP\_Module\_Input (EtherNet/IP Module)
 EtherNet\_IP\_Module\_Output (EtherNet/IP Module)

To simplify handling, an address range of 256 bytes each was predefined for the input and output data of synchronous communication. It is divided among the data types INT, DINT and REAL as follows:

- 32x INT
- 16x DINT and
- 32x REAL

For this, one EtherNet module must be configured to AB Big Input and the other to AB Big Output.

General	Module Informat	tion	
EtherNet/IP Module Parameters	Module	Byte Input Module 🗸 🗸	Ethor Vot /ID
EtherNet/IP Module I/O Mapping	Vendor name	Byte Input Module Byte Output Module Word Input Module	Ethenvet/IP
EtherNet/IP Module IEC Objects	Vendor ID	Word Output Module DWord Input Module	
Status	Product name	DWord Output Module Real Input Module Real Output Module	
Information	Major revision	AB Big Output Module	
	Minor revision	1	

The PAC120HC package contains a template with the settings described above for the simplified EtherNet/IP communication.



## PAC120

To use the simplified communication via EtherNet/IP, the function block EtherNetIP \_Init must be called in the application program. The function block is part of the system library PKR\_PAC120\_System of the PAC120.

The input and output addresses of the EtherNet/IP modules are transferred to the function block. The addresses depend on the hardware configuration in the project and can be read in the tab EtherNet/IP Module I/O Mapping of the device dialogue of the EtherNet/IP modules.

General	Find		Filter Show a	dl 🖉			- 🕂 Add Ff
EtherNet/ID Module Parameters	Variable	Mapping	Channel	Address	Туре	Unit	Description
Etherweigte Module Parameters	🔄 🕀 🀐		Input Data	6 %IB120	BYTE		
EtherNet/IP Module I/O Mapping			Input Data	%IB121	BYTE		
	📕 🕀 🍓		Input Data	%IB122	BYTE		
EtherNet/IP Module IEC Objects	⊕ ¥ø		Input Data	%IB123	BYTE		
	÷		Input Data	%IB124	BYTE		
Status	🕀 🦄		Input Data	%IB125	BYTE		
	<u>ت</u> ۲		Input Data	%IB126	BYTE		
Information	⊕ <b>*</b> ø		Input Data	%IB127	BYTE		
	±		Input Data	%IB128	BYTE		
	🕀 - ᡟ		Input Data	%IB129	BYTE		
	🗎 🗄 📲 🍫		Input Data	%IB130	BYTE		

#### Cyclic communication

The values to be sent to the higher-level controller (EtherNet/IP scanner) must be assigned, depending on the data type, to the transmit arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[x] with x: 0 31 can be assigned.

The data to be received from the higher-level controller (EtherNet/IP scanner) must be assigned, depending on the data type, to the receive arrays

- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int16[x] with x: 0 31,
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Int32[x] with x: 0 15 or
- Fieldbus\_SyncDataReceive.Real32[x] with x: 0 31



### Example

The following example shows an exemplary data exchange for the values of a connected PACHC control module: CFC:



N

	INT_TO_WORD	
Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.Int16[0]		ControlWord
Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.REAL32[0]		TargetPosition
Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.REAL32[1]		TargetSpeed

ьc		
	WORD_TO_INT	
StatusWord		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxVelActualValueFiltered		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePB		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3]
Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxErrorCode		Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0]

ST

```
// EtherNetIP initialization
    EtherNetIP_Init_0(dwInputAdress := ADR(%QB0),dwOutputAdress := ADR(%IB120));
 3
 4
 5
 67
    // Read data from PLC
    ControlWord := INT_TO_WORD(Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.Int16[0]);
 8
    TargetPosition := Fieldbus SyncDataReceive.Real32[0];
    TargetSpeed := Fieldbus_SyncDataReceive.Real32[1];
9
10
11
    // Send data to PLC
12
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Int16[0] := WORD TO INT(StatusWord);
13
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[0] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxPosActualValue;
14
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[1] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxVelActualValueFiltered;
    Fieldbus_SyncDataTransmit.Real32[2] := Parker_HydraulicControl_1.TxActualValuePA;
15
16
    Fieldbus SyncDataTransmit.Real32[3] := Parker HydraulicControl 1.TxActualValuePB;
17
    Fieldbus SyncDataTransmit.Int32[0] := Parker HydraulicControl 1.TxErrorCode;
```

## System priorities

A task is a time sequence unit of an IEC programme. It is defined by a name, a priority and a type that determines which condition triggers the start of the task. You can define this condition either temporally (cycle interval, free-wheeling) or by an internal or external event.

By combining priority and condition, you determine the time sequence in which the tasks are executed. For the design of real-time applications, it is important to have knowledge of the system priorities.

Priorities sorted in descending order

- CODESYS Scheduler
- Event Task (e.g. interrupt input, if configured as an event)
- EtherCAT
- CAN
- UART (RS232)
- PLC task, priority 0
- PLC task, priority 15
- Ethernet
- USB
- SD card
- PLC task priority 16
- PLC task priority 31

Rules for the processing order of the tasks:

- If the task condition is fulfilled, CODESYS processes the task.
- If several tasks simultaneously fulfil the condition for processing, CODESYS first processes the one with the highest priority.
- If several tasks simultaneously fulfil the condition for processing and have the same priority level, CODESYS first processes the task that has already been waiting the longest.
- The program calls are processed in the order in which the programs are arranged in the configuration dialogue of the task.

For further details, please refer to the CODESYS help.



## 7. Maintenance / Servicing

CAUTION

 $\rightarrow$ 

## 7.1 General

Only qualified persons may work on PAC120.



Do not plug, unplug, mount or touch the connectors during operation.

Doing so may destroy the unit or provoke malfunctions

Before working on the unit, turn off all power sources including those feeding power to peripherals such as externally fed sensors, programming devices etc.



# CAUTION Overheating

- Overheating may destroy the unit or provoke malfunctions
- $\rightarrow$  Verify that the unit's ventilation slots are not covered and that air can circulate.

## 7.2 Servicing

PAC120 requires neither servicing for the specified service life nor any action if it is kept and operated at the admissible ambient conditions specified in section Technical Data.

#### 7.3 Maintenance

Cleaning

Prevent inadmissible contamination while operating and storing PAC120.

To replace modules

Refer to section 5.1.1 Mechanical Installation

#### 7.4 Repairs / Customer Service

Note
Only the manufacturer or customer service providers authorized by the manufacturer may do repairs and perform corrective main- tenance.

#### 7.5 Warranty

The statutory period and conditions of warranty apply. Warranty expires if unauthorized attempts are made to repair the unit / product or any other intervention is performed.

#### 7.6 Taking out of Service

Before disposing of PAC120 you must disassemble it and completely take it apart. All metal components can be given to metal recycling.

#### Electronic scrap

Sort and dispose of electronic components by type. For details on proper disposal please check your national laws and regulations making sure that your method of disposal complies with them.

Treat the packaging as recyclable paper and cardboard.



# 8. Ordering Code



## 9. Technical Data

General data	
Product indication	PAC120
Item number	PAC120-*W*01-3X-00-01
CPU	i.MX6 SoloX Freescale 1 GHz
RAM / remanent memory	256 MB / buffering in flash
Drives	256 MB internal flash memory, SD (HC) card slot
Software	Application: CODESYS V3 Soft SPS optional with SoftMotion WebVisu, TargetVisu and SoftMotion CNC + Robotics on request
Interfaces	1 x RS232, 1 x USB 2.0
Network	1 x Ethernet 10/100MBit – RJ45
Field bus interfaces	1 x CAN galvanic isolated EtherCAT <sup>®</sup> internal via E-Bus interface, external via extender modul
Integrated I/Os	1x DI 1 ms
Clock	Real time clock with battery buffering
Power supply	24 V DC (19.2 28.8)
E-bus current supply	3 A
Output	ca. 3.5 W (@ 24 V DC)
Potential separation	Modules are potential separated against each other and bus
Noise stability	Zone B according to EN 61131-2, Mounting on grounded rail in grounded control cabinet
Environmental conditions	
Protection class	IP20
Mounting position	vertical, stackable
Storage temperature	-25 °C+70 °C
Operation temperature	0 °C+55 °C
Relative humidity	5 % 95 % w/o dew
Mechanical features	
Mounting	35 mm DIN rail
Connection IO/power	36-pol spring-type connector with mech. ejector
Signal display	LEDs next to interface
Diagnostics	LED: bus state, module state
Housing (B x H x T)	Aluminum strap, plastic 25 x 120 x 90 mm
Shielding connection	Straight to housing
Conformity	
2004/108/EC	According to CE
UL	E506274
RoHS	According to RoHS
2014/30/EU	Electro magnetic compatibility EMC
2011/65/EU	Restriction of use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS-2)



## Device data PROFINET IO Device Extension

Additional device data	
Product code	PAC120-xxP01-3X-xx-xx
Interfaces	2x Ethernet (switch) PROFINET®
Fieldbus	PROFINET IO device
PROFINET chip	Renesas TPS-1
Process data	256 Byte In / 256 Byte Out

## Device data EtherNet/IP extension

Additional device data	
Product code	PAC120-xxE01-3X-xx-xx
Interfaces	2x Ethernet (switch) 10 Mbit, 100 Mbit



# Parker Automation Controller **PAC120**

# Dimensions



## 10. Accessories

Module type	Item number	Description
	43-026590-01	PACIO 2-Pole Connector
Accessories	43-026591-01	PACIO 18-Pole Connector
	43-026592-01	PACIO 36-pole Connector
	PACIO-412-01	PACIO Shield 2x8 mm
	PACIO-412-02	PACIO Shield 14 mm
	PACIO-441-51	PACIO AI4-mA 12 Bit CoE
Analag	PACIO-441-52	PACIO AI4/8-VDC 13 Bit CoE
Analog	PACIO-442-02	PACIO AO4-VDC/mA 12 Bit
	PACIO-442-52	PACIO AO4-VDC/mA 16 Bit CoE
Controller	PACHC-460-01	PACHC Electrohydraulic Control Module
Counter	PACIO-454-01	PACIO Counter/Enc
	PACIO-450-02	PACIO DI16/DO8 1 A
	PACIO-450-03	PACIO DI16/DO16 1ms/0.5 A
	PACIO-450-05	PACIO DI8/DO8 1ms/0.5 A
Digital I/O modulos	PACIO-450-13	PACIO DI16/DO16 1ms/0.5 A LS
Digital I/O modules	PACIO-451-02	PACIO DI32 1 ms
	PACIO-451-03	PACIO DI16 1 ms
	PACIO-452-01	PACIO DO16 0.5 A
	PACIO-452-02	PACIO DO8 1 A
Interfaces	PACIO-400-02	PACIO Extender 2 Port
Interfaces	PACIO-400-00	PACIO Bus Coupler 3 A
Tomporatura	PACIO-443-57	PACIO Al4-Pt/Ni/Thermo 16 Bit CoE
remperature	PACIO-443-58	PACIO AI8-Pt/Ni/Thermo 16 Bit CoE



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